

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIV, NO. 27.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1923.

\$2.00 YEARLY

PYTHIAN SISTERS TO INITIATE

Brothers and Sisters of the local lodge of Pythian Sisters are reminded of the regular meeting to be held tomorrow night (Friday) at 8 o'clock, at which initiation will take place. All visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Ferdinand Filijon, of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, is in town, examining the pupils of Miss Helen Garval.

The Michel baseball team will play the locals here tomorrow (Friday) evening at 6.15 sharp. Turn out and boost for the boys.

MINE RESCUE COMPETITIONS FIRST AID AND FIELD SPORTS

Blairmore attracted unusually large crowds on Monday of this week to witness the competitions in mine rescue and first aid for the provincial and Western Canadian championships.

The programme started at 10 a.m., with some fourteen mine rescue and six or eight first aid teams entering. The competitions were under the direct supervision of Messrs. John T. Sterling and W. F. McNeill, of the Department of Mines and the Workmen's Compensation Board, who were assisted by various mine inspectors, rescue car and station superintendents and mine officials.

In mine rescue, Michel and Hill-Grade, Drumheller, drew for first, Fernie No. 2 came second. Following were the results by points:

Michel 673, Hill-Grade 673, Fernie No. 2, 669, Bellevue No. 2, 665, Nordegg 665, Fernie No. 1, 660; Coal Creek 660, A.B.C., Drumheller, 657; Bellevue No. 1, 653; Blairmore No. 1, 652; Lethbridge 646, Blairmore No. 2, 638.

Senior First Aid—Drumheller 68.89, Lethbridge No. 2, 53.05; Bellevue 52.33, Lethbridge No. 1, 50.83; Coleman 78, Michel 76.5, Coal Creek 60.83. Ladies—Michel 52.33.

Junior First Aid—No. 7 Troop Boy Scouts, Lethbridge, 80.09; Hillcrest No. 1, 74.5; Hillcrest No. 2, 65.17.

The Shield given as a prize for Senior First Aid goes to Drumheller permanently, having been won by them three years in succession.

Field Sports consisted of foot races, jumping, etc., and were very interesting. Some of the results are as follows:

220 yards—Don Dewar first, Tiny

Thompson second.

Half Mile—Tony Vejrava first, H. Benson second.

High jump—Tiny Thompson first, 35 feet, 2 inches; Clarence Reddick second, 37 feet, six inches.

Burning Long Jump—Tiny Thompson first, 17 feet, 3 inches; Clarence Reddick second, 16 feet, 8 inches. H. LaVasseur, a close third—16 feet, 7 inches.

Potato Race—David Kemp first, H. Benson second.

Married Women—Mrs. Evans first, Mrs. Smith second.

Baseball—Coleman Seniors. Blairmore Tuxis Juniors. (As the score for the latter game was in dispute, the game will be replayed.)

Basketball—Blairmore Tuxis Seniors.

Girls' Races—6 years, Peggie Richards, Kathleen McDonald, 7 years, Isabelle McAndrew, Doreen Chappell, 8 years, Sadie Jarvi, Alice Wheatley, 9 years—Isa Penman, Lillian McDonald, 10 years—Kathleen MacCall, Tolly Evans, 11 years—Bobby Buehler, Violet Rae, 12 years—Florence McLane, A. Link, 13 years—Annie Uhrin, Edna Sierra, 14 years—Helen Cormier, Anna Battell, 15 to 18 years—Eileen Mackie, Annie Uhrin.

Girls' Three-Legged Race—Eileen Mackie and Edna Sierra; Margaret McDonald and Alice McAndrew.

Girls' Sack Race—Katherine McVey, Faim Salusta, Eileen Mackie, Single Girls' Race—Mary McAndrew, E. Salusta.

Old Men's Race—V. Stalman, Samuel Turner.

Men's Standing Long Jump—Tiny Thompson (8 ft. 8 inches), Clarence Reddick (8 ft. 7½ inches).

Men's Running High Jump—Tiny Thompson (5 ft. 1 inch), Clarence Reddick (five feet).

Men's Sack Race—Tony Vejrava, R. Kroll.

Throwing Baseball—R. Firpo, H. Harriman.

100 yards Dash—K. S. Amdall, Don Dewar.

220 yards Dash—Donnie Dewar, Tiny Thompson.

440 yards Dash—K. S. Amdall, Tony Vejrava.

Football Dribbling—Alex. McVey, Tommy Clark.

Financially, the day was a success. The weather man tried his utmost to serve agreeable stuff, although he came near falling down in the attempt late on Monday evening when a light shower came to cool the atmosphere and play the dust. Boats on the grounds and restaurants and "other places" in town reported good business.

Prizes for first aid and mine rescue were awarded during the evening of Tuesday by Mr. W. F. McNeill, who complimented the various teams competing on their efforts.

About thirty-five tennis players of Hillcrest, Coleman, Bellevue and Blairmore, gathered at the local courts yesterday afternoon and engaged in a number of friendly games. Tea was served by the ladies of the local club and all enjoyed a thoroughly pleasant afternoon.

Mr. S. Trono, watchmaker and jeweler, moves into his new store next week end, and the premises to be vacated by Mr. Trono will be immediately occupied by the Farley Wholesale Co.

The Fernie Dominion Day proceeds were donated towards the swimming pool fund and the handsome sum of three thousand dollars was netted.

The Drumheller Mine Rescue Car No. 3 returns to Drumheller district today.

Miss Flynn, of Lethbridge, spent Sunday here, the guest of the Gibson family. On Monday Misses Flynn and Francis and Babe Gibson left for a holiday in camp near Proctor, B.C.

Saving and Investing

"Investing" your money is a serious matter—not to be done in a hurry.

Think twice and ask advice before investing. Be guided by experience—preferably your banker's.

Successful investors always keep in close touch with their bank.

"Double your Savings: It CAN be Done."

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes J. B. Wilson, Manager
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes S. J. Lamey, Manager
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.

Fishing!

—OPEN SEASON JUNE 15 TO OCTOBER 15—

We carry a full line of famous English Tackle at the lowest prices. See our Tackle before buying elsewhere.

—FISHING LICENSES ISSUED HERE—

THE BLAIRMORE PHARMACY

G. N. ELWIN, Phm.B., Optician
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

Buy a

Cataract Electric Washer

THE CATARACT IS AN ALL-COPPER WASHER. IT HAS AN EIGHT SHEET CAPACITY, WHILE THE MOST MACHINES BEING PEDDLED AROUND HAVE A CAPACITY FOR SIX SHEETS. WE WILL PUT IT IN YOUR HOUSE ON APPROVAL FOR ONE WEEK AND CALL FOR IT FREE OF CHARGE. JUST GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Blairmore Hardware Co.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

IT PAYS YOU TO DEAL HERE

EVERYBODY'S DOIN' IT!

Killing those Flies with FLY-TOX. Drop in and let us tell you all about it, per bottle

60c

Philapple and Apple Jelly, 4 lb Jars, each \$4.10

Eamon's Pineapple Marmalade, 4 lb tins, each \$1.00

Carnation Milk, small size, 3 for 25c

Carnation Milk, large size 2 for 35c

Seeded Raisins, 11 oz pkts, 2 for 25c

Seeded Raisins, 5 lb pkts, each 90c

Fresh Cauliflower and Green Peas for Saturday, also a complete line of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

CANNED MEATS—

Stelma Corned Beef, per tin 30c

Clark's Veal and Beef Loaf, per tin 25c

Libby's Lunch Tongue ½ lb, per tin 46c; 1 lb, tin 86c

Cross & Blackwell's Potted Chicken, Turkey, Ham, and Tongue in glass jars, each 35c

Very fine for sandwiches.

PRESERVE STRAWBERRIES NOW—

Strawberries are at their best for preserving now.

Fruit Jars, Mason, Perfect Seal and Gem in all sizes

Jar Rings, Parowax, Etc.

We Are Agents For Pratt & Lambert's Products

No. 61 Floor and Furniture Varnish gives complete satisfaction. Comes in eight shades and clear. Will not mar or chip off. Half Pint, Pint, Quart, Half Gallon and Gallon Cans.

AUTO ENAMELS—Doll up the old bus and make her look like new. We have all the colors, also Top and Seat Dressing for Leather and Mohair Tops, dries quickly with splendid results.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOOD HOLIDAY SHOPPING

Ladies—We have a splendid range of white and black and white canvas footwear in the celebrated Smart Step brand. Full line Children's Sandals and Running Shoes, white and brown, in the Fleet Foot and Lifebuoy brands. Pussy Foot and Hurlbut cushion soles, white patent and brown.

Skuffer Shoes in all sizes. Soft comfortable chrome sole, just downs in high leg and oxfords. Just the thing for hot weather. Full range sizes in patent leather and brown Elk Sandals. Patent Strap slippers, Etc.

Hosiery—Our stock is complete here in Silks, Cashmeres, Silk Lisle and Silk and Wool, Etc. Children's hose from 30c per pair. Children's Socks in great varieties, silk, fancy clocked, silk lisle, etc.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear—We have a complete line of Watsons' in combinations, vests and bloomers.

SPECIAL REDUCTION—Ladies' Night Gowns and Fancy Crepe and colored dimity Lingerie.

Men's and Boys' Department is well stocked in all lines. Suits and Odd Pants, Underwear, Dress Shirts in fancy striped cottons, colored and plain silks, with sport collars, etc. Boys' Dress Shirts, Waists and Sport Shirts.

HATS—Men's Stetson's, Borsalino, Tweeds, Panamas, Straw Boaters, etc. Boys' Peanut Straws, Scouts, Light Cotton, Tweeds, Etc.

Men's and Boys' Footwear. Fleet Foot Canvas, etc. Boys' Tred Rite Brand. Men's Slater Brand Shoes.

F. M. THOMPSON CO.

PHONES: Main Store 25; Greenhill Store 28.

Blairmore.

FARLEY WHOLESALE

PASS DISTRIBUTING AGENTS

"Crystal" Ice Cream

and

BLUE LABEL BOTTLING CO'S

"Whistle"

PHONE 268

BLAIRMORE

This Week's Special

Ladies' Summer Suits,
Goats and Dresses

—Big Reductions in these Lines—

Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods

DR. G. J. KENDALL COMPANY,
Kenesburg Falls, VI., U.S.A.

Will Discuss Methods For Establishing Supply Of Fuel For Canada

Ottawa.—A conference of coal operators, representatives of the transportation companies and of the federal and various provincial governments to discuss methods for establishing an independent fuel supply for Canada is recommended in the final report of the House of Commons committee on mines and minerals.

It is also suggested that the conference should comprise members of this committee and of the special Senate committee which has been considering Canada's fuel supply. It is suggested that the department of mines should undertake an educational campaign to convince the public of the necessity for making Canada self-sustaining in the matter of coal; also to emphasize the value of Canadian coal for domestic use.

The committee reports favorably on coke as domestic fuel and suggests that cooking plants throughout the Dominion might assist largely in solving the problem.

In the matter of transportation rates on coal to Central Canada, the committee recommends that the Government should undertake an independent investigation to ascertain the actual cost from eastern and western points.

"We believe that our national railway should carry fuel at cost in this crisis," the report continues, "and our committee suggests that the rates quoted are not cost rates but much higher."

The flat issued in connection with the Hoppe coal leases in Alberta has been cancelled by the Government. This was announced by the Prime Minister in the House of Commons in reply to a question by J. T. Shaw, of Calgary.

Caterpillars Delay Train

Great Swamp Covered C.P.R. Track Near Revelstoke, B.C.

Vancouver, B.C.—An immense swarm of caterpillars which literally covered the railway tracks in the Silhouette Canyon, east of Revelstoke, recently delayed the Canadian Pacific Railway train service for some time. So great was the swarm that when the engine ploughed into it the train was brought to a stop by the grease. Section crews worked for many hours trying to clear the tracks, and it was necessary to split the train into three sections before it could proceed.

Georgia's Queer Law

Atlanta, Ga.—Holding that it was not against the laws of Georgia to open graves and remove coffins, the Court of Appeals has granted a new trial to Sam Ware, a negro undertaker, who was recently sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for removing a body to obtain the coffin, which he is alleged to have resold.

Will Study in Prison

London.—Prisoners in Moldstone Jail are improving themselves educationally. They're attending classes in French, shorthand and bookkeeping. The courses were inaugurated recently. They have an enrollment of more than 50.

Conservative Party Will Form The Next Government Of Ontario

Toronto.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario has formally invited Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, leader of the Conservative party, which was swept into power by a huge majority, to form the next government.

This action was taken after Premier E. C. Drury, following a meeting of the Cabinet, had tendered his resignation to the Lieutenant-Governor, to take effect July 16.

Mr. Ferguson, in accepting the responsibilities of office, stated that he would be ready to assume the Premiership as soon as the position was vacated by Mr. Drury. According to latest reports from the various constituencies, the Conservatives will have 75 members in the Legislature. The United Farmers will be the second largest group with 17 representatives, the Liberals having fallen into third place with 14. There will be four Labor members and one Independent. The advance of the United Farmers to second place was brought about by the election of Hon. Donald Carmichael in Grey County, Hon. H.

Will Strengthen Air Force

British Government Decides to Add Thirty-four Squadrons

London.—Prime Minister Baldwin announced in the House of Commons that the Government had decided to establish a home defence air force sufficiently strong to defend the country adequately from attack by the strongest air force within striking distance.

The Premier said the home defence force would consist of 52 squadrons. This would add 34 squadrons to the authorized strength of the Royal Air Force.

The force, continued the Premier, would be organized partly on a regular permanent military basis and partly on a reserve basis. The details of organization would be arranged with a view to the possibility of subsequent expansion. The question should be re-examined in the future, he said, in the light of the then existing air strength of foreign powers. Great Britain, in conformity with her obligations under the covenant of the League of Nations, would gladly co-operate with other governments in limiting the strength of air armaments on lines similar to the treaty of Washington.

Chinese Palace Destroyed

Residence of the Deposed Boy Emperor Is Burned

Peking.—Fire destroyed the palace of former Emperor Hsiao Tung in the forbidden city, notwithstanding the efforts of the native and foreign firemen to save it.

Hsiao Tung, the deposed boy emperor, had resided in the ancient palace since the establishment of the Chinese republic. He receives a yearly allowance from the republic with the right to maintain a royal establishment.

May Reduce Postage On Printed Matter

Government Gives Bill For Lower Rate First Reading

Ottawa.—First reading was given to a bill in the House of Commons reducing the postal rate on newspapers and magazines to 1 1/4 cents a pound. The present rate was 1 1/2 cents, said Hon. Charles Murphy, Postmaster General as against a former rate of only 1/2 cent a pound. Many representations, he said, had been received particularly on the part of small town dailies and rural newspapers, as to the desirability of a lower rate.

Bonar Law's Health

London.—Former Premier, Bonar Law's secretary, replying to an inquiry by the National Workmen's Council, writes:

"The fact that Mr. Bonar Law's health necessitated his resigning the Premiership naturally gave cause for great anxiety, but there is no reason to suppose that with rest and treatment he should not regain his health."

Would Tap Coal Fields

Railway to Reach Fuel Deposits in Northern Alberta and British Columbia

Ottawa.—The feasibility of a projected railway from the Peace River district to connect with the main line of the National Railway system, in order to tap "extensive" fields of anthracite or semi-anthracite coal existing in Northern Alberta and British Columbia, is suggested in the final report of the Senate Committee, which has been investigating Canada's fuel supply.

The committee recommends that the Dominion Fuel Board be empowered to co-operate with transportation and other interests with a view to reducing freight rates, increasing to the utmost, the use of Canadian coal in Canada, and educating the public to use Canadian coal.

While the difficulty of transportation of Alberta "domestic" coal to Central Canada is not minimized, it is suggested that with an increased output and mining operations carried on the year round the cost of production would be reduced.

British Require Passports

Britain Is Not Asking Mexico For Any Concessions

London.—The statement was made in the House of Commons by one of the members, that the United States citizens were allowed to enter Mexico without passports and the same privilege was asked for Britons. Ronald McNeill, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replied that he had no official information of the subject, but believed such local arrangements between the United States and Mexico existed. The British Government, however, was not prepared to ask for a similar concession as that would lead to a demand for reciprocity which could not be accorded.

Uniform Text-Book

Geography May Soon Be Taught All Over Canada From Same Book

Toronto, Ont.—Geography may soon be taught to children all over Canada from the same text book. Less than a year ago a new geography and atlas were published by Prof. G. A. Cornish of the University of Toronto, and already six of the nine provinces have authorized its use. Following the authorization of the geography by the Department of Education of British Columbia, the Provincial Government has invited Prof. Cornish to lecture at the summer school for teachers at Victoria. He will journey back to Quebec, which province has just approved the new geography.

Secretary of Technical Agriculture Saskatchewan, Sask.—Fred. H. Grindley was re-elected secretary of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists at the meeting held by the new executive at the close of the convention here. Dr. J. W. Robertson, Ottawa, received a fellowship, but did not receive \$800, as previously announced. A scholarship of \$500 for post-graduate work in agriculture was awarded to W. F. Hanna, of the University of Alberta.

Windstorm Hits New York

New York.—Reports of four deaths, many injured persons, and heavy property damage followed in the wake of an intense electrical wind and hail storm that swept New York and vicinity.

Russian Patriarch Dead

Riga.—According to statements printed in the newspapers here, Archbishop Tikhon, former patriarch of all Russia, died in prison on June 16.



"I THINK I'LL READ IT AGAIN."

WESTERN EDITORS

Want Fisheries

U.S. Canadian Treaty Provides Protection in North Pacific

Ottawa.—Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Marine, will bring in legislation to give effect to the North Pacific halibut fisheries treaty recently concluded between the United States and Canada and the signature of which gave rise to considerable controversy.

In accordance with the treaty, the bill will provide for a close season for halibut in the North Pacific and the appointment of an international fisheries commission of four members, two to be appointed by the United States and two by Canada. The bill will also make it an offence for any fishing vessel which engaged in prohibited fishing to use a Canadian port. Premier King has also given notice of motion providing for approval of the treaty by Parliament.

Start Drive Against

Wild Horse Menace

C.C. Grazing Commission Inaugurates Campaign to Clear Ranges

Victoria, B.C.—A campaign to clear British Columbia stock ranges of wild horses has been initiated by the Provincial Government under Grazing Commissioner T. P. Mackenzie. Stockmen declare there are thousands of stray horses wandering over the grazing lands and that they are a menace to domesticated horses.

Under a clause in the Animals Act, stockmen are given authority to shoot horses straying on their ranges, but owing to the possibility of shooting their neighbor's stock the regulation has been virtually ignored. The present drive against wild horses is being launched under authority given by the Trespass Act.

Shipping Saskatchewan Wool

Regina.—The second carload of wool has been shipped from the Saskatchewan Co-operative Wool Growers' warehouse to Weston, Ont. The season looks good according to W. W. Thompson. Mr. Thompson has gone to Portage la Prairie and will superintend the shipping of the first carload of wool from that point this year.

Backs Plea Withheld

London.—The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has reserved judgment in the appeal of the Fort Frances Pulp and Paper Company against the judgment awarded the Manitoba Free Press Company, Limited, and others in their claim for money paid for paper in excess of the price fixed by the paper control board.

British Labor Party Opposed To Further Increase Of Air Force

Evidence Before Grain Commission

Hon. Frank Oliver Testifies at Opening Session

Edmonton, Alta.—First session of the Royal Commission appointed by the Dominion Government to inquire into the report upon the handling of the grain trade in Canada, opened here and evidence was received from a number of farmers as to grievances as they had found them. Restricting combines between grain buyers and operators, millers and banks was charged by two of the witnesses, while A. Chard, Freight Supervisor for the Alberta Government, complained of that section in the Grain Act which limited to 24 hours the time that a car was at the disposition of a farmer loading grain onto a platform.

Hon. Frank Oliver appeared before the commission in connection with the western grain route and also spoke of the value of the Hudson Bay route to the prairie farmer. Mr. Oliver made the statement that the railway grade, which has always had to bear the brunt of the argument for greater transportation costs on the mountain route, is actually greater to Fort William than to Vancouver or Prince Rupert. That is, that the amount of uphill haul to the eastern route is greater than to the west on the Canadian National lines.

Mr. Oliver also considered that the Government of the country should establish the principle of no discrimination between east or westbound freight on the prairies. This was a matter of principle and should be established by the Government, and not by the railway commission.

U.S. Will Continue To Enforce Prohibition

President Says Pressure Will Not Be Relaxed

Denver, Colo.—President Harding served notice in an address here that the Government was determined to enforce prohibition law, even should the burden of enforcement continue to be increasingly thrown upon it by the various states.

He voiced the conviction not only that the prohibition amendment will not be repealed but whatever changes may be made in the Volstead Act "will represent the sincere purpose of effective enforcement rather than moderation of the general policy."

Storm Takes Toll in Ontario

Toronto.—Five persons lost their lives, according to reports received here, in the violent storm which struck Toronto and Western Ontario, uprooting trees, shattering buildings and demolishing telegraphic and telephone communication. Property damage will exceed one million dollars.

Additional Estimates Totalling Large Sums Are Tabled In House

Ottawa.—Further supplementary estimates totalling \$14,713,351, were tabled in the House by Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance.

Principal among the items are: \$25,000 for expenditures in connection with trial shipments of chilled beef and fat cattle to Great Britain; \$550,000 further required for war pensions; \$7,500 annuity to Dr. F. G. Banting, discoverer of insulin; \$500,000 for construction on the Hudson's Bay Railway; and \$50,000 refund to J. D. McArthur and Company in connection with the same project; \$350,000 Welland canal extension (Port Colborne elevator); \$60,000 to provide the difference between military pay with field and other allowances received, and full railway rates of pay for certain railway employees employed on the lines between Winnipeg and Fort William; \$50,000 for surveys and investigation of a railway from a point in Canadian National areas to wards Peace River.

There is a vote of \$500,000 for Toronto harbor improvements and one of \$122,200 for harbor improvements at Fort William. Votes for public works, chargeable to income, in the various provinces, total \$3,495,501.

To assist in the conservation and development of deep sea fishing, there is a vote of \$20,000, and one of \$357,596 for the new annual bonds

London.—Opposition to the Government's proposal for increasing the British air force was expressed at a conference of the Labor party by George Lansbury, M.P., who announced that he would move the following resolution later in the session:

"That the proposed increase of the British air force in competition with France is a preface to a new era of war, and the Labor party calls on the Parliamentary Labor party to offer every resistance, declaring it a crime against humanity to promote this new race in armaments within five years of the late war, which the people of the world hoped was the beginning of an era of peace, and demands that an international conference should immediately be called by Great Britain for the purpose of eventually abolishing by international agreement all air armaments."

Meanwhile, at Derby, Lord Birkenhead, in an address, declared that if he understood the facts aright the Government's proposals would still leave Great Britain with 300 airplanes less than would be the disposal of France. However, he accepted the Government's statement that if the present proposal did not prove adequate it would be rectified.

Answering a question in the House of Commons as to whether the Government had considered the advisability of addressing an invitation to all the powers to meet in a conference for the purpose of arriving at an agreement for international limitation of aerial war craft construction, Home Secretary Birkenhead replied that the League of Nations commission for the reduction of armaments was considering the whole question of the limitation of armaments. He said Prime Minister Baldwin thought Great Britain should wait this result before taking any other steps in regard to limitation.

May Seize Ships

U.S. Determined To Enforce Order Regarding Contraband Liquor

Washington.—The United States Government is now prepared to take the extreme step in enforcing the Supreme Court ban against liquor imports, of seizing ships which bring in intoxicating beverages whether in cargo or under foreign government customs seals.

Continued, if not studied, violation of the court's decision by an increasing number of foreign vessels entering New York with large quantities of beverage liquor under seal, it was said, apparently made necessary the drastic penalties of seizure, not only of the contraband beverages but of the ships themselves. Officials declared privately that the present practice could not be tolerated much longer and stand to invoke the extreme penalty of the Volstead Act were said to be imminent.

A vote of \$4,000,000 is provided for loans to provinces to encourage the erection of dwelling houses, and there is a further vote of \$150,000 for the British Empire Exhibition. Other items are: \$100,000 for the expenses of the Canadian athletic team at the Olympic games of 1924, \$150,000. Expenses of delegation to the Imperial conference and the Imperial economic conference, \$35,000. Royal Commission to enquire into grain trade, \$50,000.

Additional amount for Canadian exhibition in France, \$60,000. Towards construction of a grain elevator at Halifax and Edmonton, \$200,000 each.

British and foreign news services under Department of Trade and Commerce, \$21,333.34.

Grant to Burrard Inlet Tunnel and Bridge Company towards construction of a bridge over the second narrows on Burrard Inlet, B.C.

Eight deputy ministers and departmental heads have their salaries increased to \$8,000.

The supplementary estimates also contain a vote of \$37,000 to defray the cost of installing a wireless telephone service and maintaining a life-saving vessel on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

It is said that the State of Washington spent one million dollars to entertain a recent Shriners' convention, but that in turn it is estimated the Shriners, from all parts of the Dominion, and the States left in Washington upwards of twenty-five million dollars. That's good business and from came our folks of too narrow vision should be able to see the wisdom of making some outlay for the entertainment of visitors.

The appointment has been made of H. A. Driggs to be warden of the

Lethbridge penitentiary, succeeding Dr. Rivers, recently retired by the government. Mr. Driggs has been warden of the Fort Saskatchewan jail.

Throughout eastern Canada the observance of "Father's Day" was declared an absolute first. One paper reports that a well advertised meeting was attended only by a bachelor pastor, who placed himself in such a position that he was obliged to resign his post and quit the district.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE
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Display Advertising Rates on Application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER
Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., July 5, 1923.

SPORTS DAY SUBSCRIPTIONS

The committee in charge of the July 2nd and 3rd Field Sports desire to thank the following special donations towards prize funds:

West Canadian Collieries	\$50.00
L. L. Morgan	10.00
Palm Cafe	20.00
P. Burns & Co.	3 Hams
W. L. Evans	Water Set
G. N. Elwin	10.00
D. Lewis	5.00
W. W. Scott	5.00
R. Gallay	2.00
Mar Foy	25.00
Blairmore Cafe	3.00
Farley Wholesale - Case "Whistle"	
Michalsky & Lack	3.00
C. N. Flour & Feed Co. Sack Flour	
Knight & Reid	10.00
E. M. Thompson Co.	10.00
King George Cafe	10.00
Gillis & Mackenzie	15.00
Joseph Montalbetti	5.00
S. Trono	5.00
A. Brunetto	2.00
Tony Pondelick	5.00
W. M. Bush	1.00
Blairmore Enterprise	5.00
E. S. Kafoury	5.00
Alex. Morency	5.00
Union Meat Market	5.00
L. Dutil	5.00
Mark Satoris	2.00
Compton's Ltd.	5.00
McLaren Lumber Co.	25.00

A QUESTION OF FOOD

Passenger, on steamer addressing nautical individual: "I suppose, my good man, you are the mate of this ship?"

Irish Cook: "No, sorr. O'm the man wot cooks the mate."

SIOUX INDIANS MAY SUE

NATION FOR \$700,000,000

A council of Sioux Indians has just closed at Pierre, S.D., preliminary to pressing claims totalling more than seven hundred millions alleged to be due from the United States government for land.

The Black Hills claim alone amounts to around \$1,500,000.

The council was the outcome of efforts started several years ago to obtain compensation for the Black Hills, taken at the time of the gold discovery in '76.

We hope to give space to the public school pass list in our issue next week.

G. F. Johnson, auditor, from Vancouver, is in town, checking up the books of the town for the half year ended June 30th.

So much is done now in the way of cure and prevention of disease that the chief medical health officer of the British government says that every child born now has an expectation of twelve years more life than had his grandfather.

Miss Struthers, of the Coleman teaching staff, has resigned and is shortly to become a Mrs. Grantham. Miss Inez Dunlop is home on a visit to her mother, Mrs. C. F. Dunlop, at Coleman. Inez is training as a nurse in a Vancouver hospital.

During the week sections of the prairie have been visited by severe hail storms. At Okotoks on Monday hail fell to a depth of eight or nine inches. At Lethbridge the storm was accompanied by wind and thousands of windows were smashed. Damage to crops is severe and very little of the loss is covered by hail insurance. Some of the best crops in the province.

SAME HERE

A young lover and his love were attending church. When the basket was passed, the young man explored his pockets, and on finding nothing in them that would pass as money, he whispered to his sugar pie, "I have not a red cent, I changed my pants." Meanwhile the dainty flapper, who had been searching her handbag in vain, blushed a rosy red and said, "Same here."

WHERE?

Two Scotmen died and passed on to the next life. They met and heaven to discuss their old home and new surroundings. "Ye know," said one of them, "I'm no' so impressed. I dinna think heaven is sae much better then Perth, after a'!" "O' course, its better, but no' a great deal, ye ken."

His friend stared at him solemnly. "Man!" he said, "this is no heaven!"

IS IT A LIBEL

An Englishwoman living in Scotland sent her maid to buy a sheep's head. "And mind, Mary," she said, "it must be an English, not a Scotch one." Mary arrived at the shop and asked for a sheep's head. The butcher showed her one.

"Is it English?" she asked.

"No, lass, it's Scotch," replied the butcher.

"Then it'll no do," retorted Mary.

"Mistress said I was to be sure and get an English one."

The butcher tossed the sheep's head to his assistant and said, "Here, Jock, take the brains out o' that, then it'll do!"

Mrs. L. Dutil returned this morn'g from a visit to Eastern Canada points.

Mrs. Marion Williams, anti-Mormon lecturer, received a rather cool receipt for here last week.

THE LAWYER WAS HANDY

Jim Price was being tried for bribing a colored witness, Sam Johnson, to give evidence in his favor. "You say that the prisoner offered you fifty dollars to give evidence in his favor," asked the lawyer, and on receiving a reply in the affirmative he continued:

"Were those his exact words? Did he say, 'I will give you fifty dollars?'" "No sah," replied Sam. "He didn't say nothing about you paying me fifty dollars. Your name wasn't mentioned 'cepting he told me if I ever got into trouble you was de best man to fool de judge and jury—in fact, you was de best man in town to cover up the realilty!"

Here the court adjourned hurriedly.

Two colored females spent a couple of days in town last week, till they were kindly asked by the police to "move on." They later landed in Fernie, accompanied by a couple of Hindus and were soon encased in a cooler, awaiting action of the judge.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Home Bank of Canada was held at the Head Office, in Toronto, Tuesday, June 26th. The statement for the year's operations ending May 31st last shows that the Bank, while experiencing the general narrowing of business activities, has fully maintained its position. The deposits remain practically stationary, at \$22,151,770.00, a contraction of current account deposits being more than offset by the increase in saving account deposits. There is also an increase in the volume of notes of the Bank in the hands of the public, the circulation standing at \$1,516,640.00. Net profits for the year amounted to \$232,539.17, approximating 11 per cent on the subscribed capital. After paying four quarterly dividends, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, the sum of \$72,761.01 has been carried forward into next year's budget, and \$75,000.00 transferred to contingent account for depreciation of assets. Debts that have passed the maturity of payment are placed at \$99,110.03. The reserve account remains at \$550,000.00.

The Canadian Pacific steamship Empress of Canada is champion of the Pacific Ocean, having established a new trans-Pacific speed record of eight days, ten hours and fifty-three minutes.

Sergt. Durnan of the A.P.P. is just now in receipt of stripe number three.

Misses Mildred Passmore and Elizabeth McLeod are spending a two-weeks holiday with friends in Lethbridge.

The championship bout at Shelby yesterday went the full fifteen rounds and Dempsey was awarded the decision.

Labor Reductions On Automobile Repairs

We are now operating our repair shop on the Flat Rate Plan. By this plan the automobile owner knows what the job is going to cost before the work is commenced. The following are a few prices on Chevrolet repairs:

Overhaul Motor	\$33.00
Overhaul Rear Axle and Propeller Shaft	\$22.25
Overhaul Transmission and Universal	\$28.25
Grind Valves and Clean Carbon	\$5.50
Rebuild Steering Knuckles and Plain Arms	\$4.50
Re-line and Adjust Brakes (per set)	\$3.00
Tighten Main and Connecting Rod Bearings	\$7.75
Clean Carburetor	\$1.00
Retime Ignition	75c

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SPECIAL FARES

—to—

Calgary Exhibition

JULY 9th — JULY 14th

GOING DATES—July 7th to July 13th and July 14th for trains arriving Calgary before 2 p.m.

RETURN LIMIT—JULY 16th, 1923.

INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM

G. A. PASSMORE

TICKET AGENT, BLAIRMORE

The Home Bank of Canada

ANNUAL REPORT

Statement of the Result of the Business of the Bank for the Year ending May 31st, 1923.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	
Balance Profit and Loss Account, May 31st, 1922	\$155,000.01
Net Profit for year after deducting charges of management, interest due depositors, payment of all municipal taxes and rebate of interest on securities	\$232,539.17
	\$387,539.18
CAPITAL PROFIT ACCOUNT	
Premium on Capital Stock received during the year	178.94
	\$387,718.12
Which has been appropriated as follows:—	
Dr. Dividend No. 66 (quarterly) at the rate of 7 per cent per annum	\$4,261.00
Dividend No. 66 (quarterly) at the rate of 7 per cent per annum	17,267.00
Dividend No. 66 (quarterly) at the rate of 7 per cent per annum	20,263.00
Dividend No. 66 (quarterly) at the rate of 7 per cent per annum	21,269.00
Domestic Government Income Tax paid and provided for	\$327,216.35
Domestic Government Tax on Capital Circulation	2,714.78
Transferred to Contingent Account for depreciation of assets	72,000.00
Balance carried forward	72,000.00
	\$387,500.32

GENERAL STATEMENT 31st MAY, 1923	
LIABILITIES	
Notes of the Bank in circulation	\$1,516,640.00
Deposits not bearing interest	4,764,787.45
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date of Statement	17,267,000.00
Deposits by and balance due to Dominion Government	221,432.25
Deposits due to other banks in Canada	2,714.78
Balance due to Bank of Montreal Correspondents in the United Kingdom	12,796.00
Balance due to Bank of Montreal Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	1,043,536.73
Liabilities not included under the foregoing	72,000.00
	\$25,381,206.33
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS	
Capital (authorized \$25,000,000) paid up	\$1,500,000.00
Reserve Account	500,000.00
Dividend, undivided	2,268.12
Dividend No. 66 (quarterly) being at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable June 1st, 1923	72,000.00
Balance of Profit and Loss Account	1,419,500.32
	\$2,981,768.32

ASSETS	
Gold and other current coin	\$ 330,000.00
Dominion Government Notes	2,186,960.33
Deposits with the Minister of Finance as security for note circulation	\$2,537,000.00
Notes of other banks	70,000.00
Charges on other banks	1,267,636.00
Balance due by other banks in Canada	12,796.00
Balance due by Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom and the United Kingdom	12,796.00
Balance due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	1,043,536.73
Canadian Municipal Securities and British, Canadian and Colonial Public Securities	16,000.00
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	21,230.00
Call and Short Term (exceeding 90 days) Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	1,272,500.00
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada, less rebate of interest	\$1,187,536.07
Other Loans and Discounts outstanding in Canada	\$13,767,320.48
Loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts	2,764.00
Overseas Debts	70,000.00
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	10,110.00
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank	100,000.00
Bank Premises at not more than cost, less amounts written off	121,162.00
Other Assets not included under the foregoing	143,261.78
	\$47,760,530.12

H. J. DALY, President. J. COOPER, MAJOR, General Manager.

AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS
In accordance with sub-sections 19 and 20 of section 56 of the Bank Act, 1913, I have to report as follows: The foregoing balance sheet has been examined with the books and vouchers at the Head Office, and with the certified returns from the Branches, and in the Bank and, in my opinion, the transactions coming under my notice have been correctly stated. The cash and securities of one of the Branches have also been checked, and in each case have been found to agree with the entries in the books of the Bank with regard thereto. In my opinion, the above balance sheet is properly drawn up so as to show a true and correct view of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of my information and the explanations given to me, and as shown by the books of the Bank.

STONEY H. JONES, Auditor.

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Plans Furnished. Estimates Submitted

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Blairmore, Alberta

FRANCE IN NORTH AFRICA

Some Aspects and Reflections

An Essay by Paymaster-Lieutenant-Commander H. C. Foot, R.N. Brother of Mr. R. G. Foot, of Blairstown.

(Courtesy of Mr. Foot)

1. Foreword—Perhaps we shall be able to steer a more intelligent course through the subject of this paper if we first of all take a brief glance at the map.

We are dealing with a fairly regular oblong area roughly 1700 miles long and 500 miles in width. Almost from end to end runs the Atlas Mountains which can roughly be divided into two main chains: the Maritime Atlas, and the inner and more elevated ranges, separated by high plateaus. They are most pronounced in the west where the Great Atlas range has an average of over 11,000 feet.

The total area is divided politically into three parts—Morocco, Algeria and Tunis—but set in the north of Morocco is the Spanish zone, generally known as the Rif country. In this zone there is the international enclave of 100 square miles round Tangier, and further south on the French Moroccan coast there is a second small Spanish zone round Ifni.

The southern boundary of the area is of course the Saharan desert, but where the desert begins and the territories end is an undecided question.

3. Morocco is somewhat bigger than France, roughly 240,000 square miles in extent. Algeria is slightly smaller, though still larger than France, and Tunis is some 50,000 square miles.

Tunis borders Italian Tripoli on her south-eastern face and Morocco touches Spanish Rio de Oro on the south-western corner.

Apart from irrigation the rivers play no important part and offer no facilities for navigation, and the lakes are as yet of no consequence.

An alternative title to the subject of the paper might well be North African France, and for the sake of grasping the situation clearly the significance of this should be realized from the start. You have it in a word if you will picture the Sahara as a great sea and France as extending from the English Channel to this sea with the Mediterranean as an intervening lake.

And then it will prove helpful to visualize North African France as an island with water on three sides and our sea-desert on the fourth—an island in one sense for the main purpose of this paper, but in another very vital sense the link and basis of four and a half million square miles of French West and Equatorial Africa.

These propositions may arouse curiosity and questioning in your mind, but at the risk of delaying the direct discussion, may we first of all consider a little of the history of this unique island.

HISTORY

3. The Berbers—In order to start from some accepted beginning, I will ask you to let it be granted that North Africa, between the Mediterranean and the Sahara, has been peopled by the Berbers from the stone age. One French thesis holds that the Berbers are Celts, but the early mists of history have not been pierced by anything more definite than surmise on this point.

It may be you will feel some impatience at this distance looking back but I think you will at once realize its importance when I state that in physical type and temperament the Berbers have persisted in unbroken continuity as a race down to the present day.

Of the many invasions of this indigenous people those of the Phoenicians, the Romans, the Vandals, or Goths, the Arabs, and lately the French stand out most prominently. And of these Arabian influx has had by far the greatest and most everlasting influence. To such an extent is this the case that it may be said in regard to the portion of the continent we are considering that all that is not

Arabic is Berber.

4. It is obviously therefore desirable to estimate the main characteristics of these two races and we find that where the Arab is herdman and nomad, the Berber is the agriculturalist and townsmen. Again the Arab with his social structure built on the Koran holds to absolutism, aristocracy and theocracy, whereas the Berber, despite his nominal Mohammedanism, is a Democrat. He has his Jema'a or Witenagemot—that is to say his parliament—and his Kanun or unwritten code which is the Magna Charta of the individual's liberty as opposed to the community's good.

The Arabizing of the Berber indeed has consisted of little more than his conversion to Islam. And it is observable that the Arab, transported to a soil which does not necessarily suit him, tends to disappear, while the Berber becomes more and more aggressive and increases continually in number. He is by nature warlike and has never been completely subjugated.

5. We therefore get a picture of the Berber, sturdy, independent, self-governing and self-reliant; not averse to money making, but honest and trustworthy. And by contrast the Arab appears as the degenerate offspring of a race only claiming respect on account of its past; dishonest and vicious as the outcome of a degraded religion. Though nominally of the same faith as the Berbers, are unorthodox and emit many of the religious customs of Islam, but on the other hand pay more respect to their saint both male and female.

Their numbers are intimated by the munitic. They are poor scholars but make use of the French school now provided.

They have many industries in which they have maintained a high degree of skill, even extending to the making of firearms and cannon before the coming of the French.

Their language, though of course broken into innumerable dialects, has retained much of its early form and has by no means been superseded by Arabic.

6. The Berbers are distinctively a "white" or Mediterranean race, agriculturally speaking, and to a surprising extent as a matter of fact in the ordinary acceptance of the word; and although foreign blood has through many invasions been introduced among the tribes bordering on the northern coasts those further inland have retained their racial purity to a remarkable extent.

Their numbers are indicated by the fact that at present they form three quarters of the native population that is to say, some 9,000,000 out of a total of 12,000,000.

7. Here then we have the background of our picture very lightly painted in. An indigenous race stretching without break beyond the dawn of history, surviving the fiercest attacks of both Asiatic and European invaders, and preserving their individual characteristics and physical type.

We must now briefly review these several incursions, and by marking some of their salient features attempt to draw conclusions that will not be a basis for a just estimate of the present position of France in North Africa, and the future possibilities.

8. The Phoenicians—When we think of North Africa historically three great names come to mind: that of the great city-state—Carthage, a great general—Hannibal, and a great Admiral—Hannu.

Fortunately, as regards detail, we do not have to go further back to build up our outline of history; for the Phoenician colonization of North Africa was the first, and its early colony was Utica. This was founded about 100 years before Solomon, who flourished about 1000 B.C.

Carthage came into existence about three centuries after Utica and became the greatest and most renowned of the African settlements. So prosperous and widespread did its influence become that the North African Empire has become popularly known as the Carthaginian rather than the Phoenician.

9. The Phoenician system was but

loosely co-ordinated and centralized, in reality the colonial empire consisted of a series of commercial centres linked together to a certain extent and drawing strength and renewal from the source of origin.

The Phoenicians were the greatest traders, navigators, and colonizers of ancient times, and perhaps even more than English, a nation of shopkeepers. Again Carthage, though a great and powerful state, was a comparatively tiny one. Like Utica it established stations along the coast and these extended beyond the Straits of Gibraltar and down the West Coast of Africa as far as Sierra Leone.

Hannu, who perhaps might be more correctly designated explorer than admiral, comes into prominence as the leader of a great expedition of 80,000 souls collected from the territory round about Carthage. The purpose of the expedition was to strengthen the stations on the Morocco Coast and it actually reached the extreme southern point already mentioned—that is Sierra Leone. When the expedition visited the Senegal district they were attacked by the natives, who were described by Hannu as "wild men wearing the skins of beasts and defending themselves with stones." So far as is known this is the first sight that civilized man had of his wild brother since the two-part company in neolithic times.

10. The territory occupied by the Phoenician colonization was 'at the merest fringe of the coast. Transport was one of the greatest difficulties for it was not until after the Mohammedan Conquest that the camel, well nigh indispensable for desert traffic was introduced.

The colonists did not strike root into the desert, but on the other hand trade was to some extent attracted to their established centres from the interior.

It is a natural question to ask perhaps what bulk of trading could arise from a desert area and consequently it is interesting to discover that even in the time of the Carthaginians the Sahara may not have been so much of a desert as it is at the present day, for there is evidence that at one time it teemed with life.

11. We have already noted the warlike character of the Berber and we realize therefore that the Carthaginians needed some force to preserve their own footing. This was effected not by extension into the interior, but rather by local defence of the various centres. And for this purpose the Carthaginians used mercenaries as the main composition of their ranks.

As may be imagined this led to frequent revolt, and at times the Berbers rose en masse in the outlying district and destroyed the settlement of the intruders. Yet occasionally Carthage could produce a Hannibal who was able to win the confidence of the Berbers and lead them to victory even in distant countries.

The partition of Africa may be said to have started with the coming of the Phoenicians. But a full three thousand had years to elapse bringing us almost to the present day, before the real partition was carried out.

12. The Romans—The Punic wars will recall the antagonism which broke out so fiercely between the Roman and Carthaginian Empires, and it was after a prolonged period of fighting that Rome was drawn to Africa in pressing her campaign. There in 146 B.C. she destroyed Carthage and settled down in the conquered territory.

Not only did her conquests spread east and west, including Egypt on the one side and the limits of Carthaginian Empire on the other, but she drove southwards to the very heart of the Saharan desert, and this great North African province became no granary of the Empire.

13. It was in what is now known as Tunisia, however, that Rome's energy and interest were concentrated. Here an astonishing degree of civilization came into being, so that for the number and magnificence of its remains Tunisia almost surpasses Italy itself. And although wars with the native Berbers were frequent yet the settled areas of Tunis and Eastern Algeria were extraordinarily prosper-

ous. In fact this colony became more like the mother-country, Italy, in manners, customs, and religion, than any portion of Algeria, after a century of French activity, has yet come to resemble France.

14. Despite their wonderful prosperity however, the Romans contributed directly to their own final defeat in the traiting Northern Africa as a colony rather than as a protected area. They were essentially a military people and their attitude was such as to sustain a perpetual state of hostility on the part of the natives who in consequence were always ready to side with any invader for the purpose of regaining their lost independence. It is of interest to recall also that the Roman Empire rested on land power. They had certainly defeated the Carthaginians at sea apparently by turning a sea-fight into a land fight on sea, but the naval services of ancient empires as a whole were out of all proportion inferior to their land services.

15. The Vandals—It was in the fifth century, when the Roman Empire was receiving heavy blows from various quarters of her wide dominions, that the Vandals, of Teutonic race, invaded her African possessions through Spain. And though the Romans had a far more secure hold of the country than their predecessors the Carthaginians, still they had never completely subdued the Berbers, who, kept in continual state of hostility, joined with the invading Vandal forces and rendered the conquest of this Roman Province swift and easy. The Vandal occupation of Northern Africa lasted for 100 years and was succeeded after a comparatively brief interlude of Byzantine rule by the first of the great series of Mohammedan invasions in the beginning of the seventh century.

16. The Mohammedans—This tide of Arab invasion from the east has had lasting and tremendous effect. Great stretches of unexplored areas were brought to light, and practically the whole of the continent north of the Congo was Mohammedanized. Europe was swept entirely out of the continent and North Africa became not so much the southern fringe of Europe as it did the western end of Asia. With the Arabs came new life and progress in agriculture, in commerce, and in arts. They were always great traders, and at this period had risen to a height of culture far surpassing the contemporary standard of Europe.

Powerful Sudan states took shape and developed a certain kind of civilization. Regular caravan routes were established across the desert from Timbuktu (founded about 1200), to Morocco, Algeria and Tripoli, with the aid of the newly introduced camel.

This was the first serious partition of Africa, but by an Asiatic, not by a European people.

17. In North Africa, however, Islamism, which was the most aggressive character, swept away all traces of previous religions and civilizations. Berbers, Romans, Greeks, Visigoths, soon merged all their distinctions in Islamism and generally speaking Islam established and still retains a firm hold over the whole of Africa north of 10 degrees north latitude.

The religion of Islam is still of a fanatical character, but the eastern tide seems likely now to receive an effective check.

18. During the first half of the sixteenth century the Mohammedan hold of North Africa was strengthened

and added to by the arrival of the Turk and the displacing of Arab control as far as Morocco and far into the Sahara.

Morocco itself, remained outside this Turkish influence. European influence had here been slowly eradicated and the Sharifian dynasty which exists to the present day steadily grew in power until the whole of Morocco was brought under its rule. The reign of culminating glory was that of the Emperor Mulai Ismail who ruled for 57 years and left 548 sons and 340 daughters. He died in 1727.

19. The European Tide—Early in the eighteenth century the Eastern tide had flowed into Europe, and the Saracens had overrun the whole of the Spanish peninsula. The return of the tide came some 700 years later when the Portuguese crossed into Africa and took Ceuta which has remained in European hands ever since. In the following century they gained new footholds in this north-western corner of Africa, including Tangier, Prince Henry, the navigator, was the great inspirer of Portugal's wonderful period of discovery and expansion, and the particular lure of the West Coast lay in gold dust and slaves. The conversion of the heathen negro—a much more amenable person than the Mohammedan—became a convenient argument for slave-trading.

20. 1815—The year 1845 is very definitely impressed in our memories, though for reasons seemingly unconnected with those of our subject. And yet there is a very vital connection, for this year marks the beginning of a steady period of France's Empire development at first slow and preparatory.

(Continued Next Week)

Mountain-Climbing on Vancouver Island



Cameron Lake showing Mount Arrowsmith in the distance.

Vancouver Island is becoming famous for many things. Among the chief of these is its climate, among the more utilitarian its agriculture, and among the tourist attractions its marvellous scenery, and magnificent drives, its many fascinating trips both by boat and by rail. But, while tens of thousands of visitors holiday in the island every summer, very few of them are aware of the fact that within less than a day's journey of Victoria there are mountain peaks covered with perpetual snow, and massive glaciers, which defy the warmest of the summer sunshine, where those who enjoy that most exhilarating sport, mountain-climbing, may put all of their skill to the test.

The most popular mountain, from an Alpine's point of view is Arrowsmith. It is about six thousand feet high, and to reach it one travels by one of the most magnificent scenic railways on the continent. There is a diversity of country all along the hundred miles from Victoria to Parksville. Parksville is on the east coast of the island, and Victoria is at the extreme south of the island is the starting point for the journey. One of the first summits to be crossed is that of the splendid Malahat, about fifteen hundred feet above the sea. Here, from the "lookout," one looks down on a wonderful panorama of green-embowered hills, narrow winding waterways, the wide stretch of the sea itself and the Olympic mountains on the mainland in their dazzling dress of ice and snow. After crossing the Malahat there are miles along the shores of the salt water, quiet passages through picturesque villages and towns, journeyings among sweet-scented woods which are always gay with flowers.

At Parksville the road divides one branch swinging toward the west. And there by this first trek in the journey which leads to the everlasting hills. As one nears Cameron Lake, whether one travels by rail or highway, one sees the beginning of the vast forest of Douglas fir, than which there is no finer stretch of timber in America.

Just across the lake from the Chalet one begins the ascent of Mount Arrowsmith. The particular day when we made the journey was in early June. It was sweet and cool near the water, the broken thrusting up of branches and tall, maiden-like ferns just unfolding, all of the trees and shrubs wearing their new dresses of fresh, young green.

We started at noon, and from the very outset, found the trail fairly steep. With only occasional stops for breath, we pushed on for five hours before we made the Hut, a distance of about 3000 feet up. It was rather early in the year for mountain climbing, and it has not been cleared since the winter storms, which made our going rather more difficult than it would otherwise have been. But every step of the way displayed some

magnificence of scene that called for exclamations of delight.

The Hut was practically buried, for the snow lay deep on the upper reaches. It took us an hour or more to tunnel into it, for although our packer had gone ahead with the blankets, he could not accomplish much alone. But we finally dug our way in, cleared the snow from the windows, made a fire, and before very long the aroma of boiling coffee and fried ham filled the little cabin, and we sat down to eat with ravenous appetites.

The sleep that comes to one on these high, snowy altitudes, far above the slightest sound of life, is deep, dreamless and infinitely refreshing. We awoke at eight the next morning, full of eagerness to continue the climb, which from there on is a real test of strength and endurance.

The final five hundred feet were very steep, and not without danger for the unwary. We had a few tumbles, and slides, which only added to the enjoyment, and when we had pursued our journey to the end our satisfaction was very great. For it was an objective worth striving for.

The view was grand beyond conception, snow-peaks all about, a dazzling splendour in the sunshine, clouds of mist lifting from the valleys, and rolling away to give a glimpse of lakes blue as periwinkle, of bare cliffs coloured with the tints of the rainbow, and bright, green valleys, and forests of sturdy little jack-pines, white now and then, when the clouds would roll up and melt into the blue of the sky, we could glimpse a farther view, and we said it was the sea and the mountains beyond the sea, but the distance made it almost as vague as a half-forgotten dream.

It is a journey that one can easily make within the day, providing there is no misadventure, and it is a most joyfully exhilarating climb, while the picture which the summit discloses must always stand out conspicuously in the gallery of one's memories.

Potential Value Of Immense Salt Deposits Of Northern Alberta

Salt, which is such a vital necessity of our everyday life, has always been a plentiful and cheap commodity in Canada, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. In no place, however, has it ever been cheaper and more easily obtained than in the vicinity of Fort Smilt, in Northern Alberta. Here the Hudson's Bay Company, the various missions and other inhabitants of that district secure their yearly supply simply by gathering it up into sacks and packing it away. The source of this salt is a number of salt springs, which are located along what is known as the Salt River, on the boundary of the new Wood Buffalo Park. This park has but recently been created by the Dominion Government to provide protection to the only remaining herd of wild wood buffalo.

When millions of buffalo roamed freely over practically one-third of this continent extending all the way from Mexico to the Mackenzie River district this locality was a common meeting ground for the buffalo, whence they came to feed and water. There was no doubt while following the trail of these majestic animals that the white man first became aware of the existence of these salt springs.

Sir Alexander Mackenzie, on his voyage of exploration through the district in 1789, located and reported upon these salt springs, and Daniel William Harmon, of the Northwest Company, wrote in his journal in 1808: "About six miles from this (Chippewyan), down Salt River, there are several places where almost any quantity of excellent, clean, white salt may be taken with as much ease as sand along the seashore. From these places the greater part of the Northwest is supplied with this valuable article."

These springs have always been a source of supply of salt for the white inhabitants of this district and the Lower Mackenzie Valley. The native Indian is not, and has never been, a user of salt to any appreciable extent. The water from these springs carries an almost saturated solution of pure salt, part of which is precipitated as soon as it comes in contact with the atmosphere, with the result that mounds of salt from three to five feet in depth and in some cases 100 feet in diameter are to be found at the mouth of the springs.

J. G. McConnell, of the Geological Survey, in his report of his explorations in this district in 1887, mentions several salt springs draining into Salt River, near Fort Smilt, and says that the salt is remarkably pure.

The deposits vary in size up to 150 tons. From three to five tons are collected annually. The salt has also been tested by both the Department of Mines at Ottawa and the University of Alberta at Edmonton, and has been reported upon as being practically pure. The deposits were recently visited by officials of the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior, while exploring the present habitat of the wild buffalo. The area, in which is found these salt springs is 290 miles north of the present terminus of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway and is reached by way of the Athabasca and Slave Rivers, lying to the west of the latter river from Bitter to twenty miles in a straight line. Their economic value at present is restricted because of the distance from the outside market and railway transportation. They have, however, a very important potential value in the settlement of this district and particularly in the eventual development of the fish industry of Athabasca and Great Slave Lakes, which contain some of the finest fish on the North American continent.

Northern Alberta, however, has many other salt deposits, the most notable of which, from the standpoint of possible commercial development, are those at McMurray, near the end of steel of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway. According to test borings made by the Alberta Government in 1919 and 1920, there is from twenty-five to forty feet of rock salt of commercial value at a depth of 631 feet. The next fourteen feet of this deposit consists in the form of transparent, colorless rock salt. This boring was made to a depth of 685 feet. It is reasonable to expect, from the conditions at the bottom of the borings, that the thickness of the greater thickness of rock salt below the depth reached.

Omitting the salt used for the gulf and sea fisheries and for chemical industries, Canada in 1921 used 41 pounds of salt per person. A conservative estimate, therefore, of Alberta's salt consumption might place it at 25,000,000 lbs. With almost an equal

consumption in each of the adjoining provinces, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, a ready home market is available for any development which may be undertaken of these deposits.

Hoppers and Sawflies

These insects cause most trouble in stubbled-in crops. Nearly all of the stubbling-in of crops is done on the open prairie. Grasshoppers and sawflies, our two greatest field crop insect pests, are practically confined to this same region. It is well known that both insects cause the most trouble in stubbled-in crops. Grasshoppers would undoubtedly diminish greatly in numbers if the deep were put in on stubble, while sawflies, if not entirely wiped out, would become negligible in numbers. This depends, of course, on the care taken in otherwise preparing the land for crop.

Plowing should be done carefully, and more than five inches deep. A skimmer or pointer should be used. If spring plowing it should be packed immediately. Sawfly puparia and grasshopper eggs are now residing in the stubbles and if not disturbed by deep plowing and packing this spring will emerge in countless numbers in June and continue to multiply and re-infest the grain crop.

Where at all practicable farmers should by all means stop the stubbling in practice. The sawflies and grasshoppers are plentiful. Just what will happen if the present plan is followed is hard to forecast, although it is almost a certainty the losses from insects (as well as weeds) will continue to rise. The farmer has to choose between these things and the relative immediate merits of stubbling-in and fall or spring plowing.

Canada's Export Of Meat

Big Gain Shown in First Three Months Of Year

Canada exported to Great Britain during the first three months of this year 3,445,100 lbs. of beef against 1,839,200 lbs. In the corresponding months of last year, 27,074,000 lbs. of bacon against 24,639,700 lbs.; 1,262,000 lbs. of pork against 120,000 lbs. She exported altogether in the first quarter of this year against the same period last year 6,232,500 lbs. of beef against 3,688,600 lbs.; 27,356,500 lbs. of bacon against 24,947,800 lbs.; and 1,641,500 lbs. of pork against 555,200 lbs. There was a drop to 21,500 lbs. of mutton compared with 1,110,100 lbs.

Solving Chicago's Traffic Problem

Immense Roof Over River Is Latest Plan Proposed

A roof over the Chicago River ten miles in length, carrying boulevards, parks, garages and oil-billing stations, has been proposed as the solution of Chicago's traffic problem. The roof would be 200 feet wide, of nine-inch concrete supported on concrete pillars sunk into the river bed. On the roof would be two sidewalks, 15 feet wide; two boulevards 50 feet wide; and a vacant space in the center, 70 feet wide. The proposed plan would not interfere with river traffic as it would be constructed from 20 to 30 feet above the surface of the water.

New Brunswick Protects Forests

Must Have Permit Before Going On A Picnic To Woods

A proclamation has been issued by the Minister of Lands and Mines, in which all forest land in New Brunswick is proclaimed a protected area. No person may enter upon any "forest land between May 1 and November 1 to camp, fish, picnic, or for any other purpose, without first registering with a fire warden, or other authorized person, and obtaining a registration certificate.

A Matter of Taste

Crowds in front of Buckingham when the Duke of York was married caused a demand for the Prince of Wales. But the Prince did not appear. It was not his day and he knew what good taste demanded. Similarly, the King refused to acknowledge the plaudits of his people several years ago when President Wilson rode as the nation's guest through the streets of London—Ottawa Journal.

880 Settlers From U.S.

Bringing with them effects valued at \$78,352 and monetary wealth totaling \$342,832, approximately 880 settlers from the United States came to Canada between Kingsgate and North Portal during April, according to the latest reports.

Business Is Good

Healthy Tone Reported in Many Lines of Trade

According to reports from traveling men doing business in the prairie territory, business prospects in the west are soaring rapidly and a greatly optimistic note is being sounded by manufacturers, retailers and wholesalers. It is reported that with the opening of spring seedling the tone of the retail trade has greatly improved and increased orders are being received for nearly every class of goods, especially boots and shoes, men's and ladies' ready-to-wear garments and hats and coats.

This improvement is in spite of the increasing tendency toward higher prices in nearly all lines. Money is said to be more plentiful on account of the grain movement and with prospects for a greater acreage some \$6,000,000 will be invested this season in new elevators in the prairies.

Collections are reported by banks, mechanics and mortgage companies to be much improved. With weather conditions good, railway traffic is improving and the demand for automobile labor is good.

Winged Lightning

Wonderful Speed Now Attained By Modern Air Ships

Two hundred and eighty-one miles an hour was attained by a racing plane at the Army Aviation Station at Dayton, Ohio, recently, by Lieutenant G. S. Matland. This speed puts Quebec ten hours from Liverpool. His average speed was 242 miles. Alcock and Brown averaged 150 miles an hour in their wonderful flight across the Atlantic in 1919. They had a westerly gale behind them. It took them sixteen hours to get from Newfoundland to Ireland. A few years ago the world's records for speed were 90 miles an hour attained by ice boats on the Hudson. At 230 miles an hour, Lieut. Matland could get around the world in less than four days.

"And it sometimes happens that the things you do not say are more to be regretted than the things you do say."

Select Bacon Hogs

Necessity of Producing Type That Suits the English Market

In the Canadian hog industry today the first necessity is a far greater production of the select bacon hog of the type, quality and conformation that suits the English market. This is the hog that can be converted into the "Windsor" side. In the last two years the Dutch producer and packer have obtained a firmer grip on the English bacon trade. They were able to get this trade by "everlasting improvement in swine and steady aim in producing an improved bacon hog to yield superior bacon in sufficient numbers to guarantee consumers an unbroken supply of uniform quality." The aim was high quality, smooth, even fleshing and a well-balanced side—a side that would be pleasing to the wholesaler and retailer and would command top, or near top, prices in England. These were the reasons why Denmark supplied Great Britain last year with 29 per cent. of the bacon imported while Canada supplied 11 per cent. at prices that were 25 to 40 shillings a hundredweight under the Danish. This would indicate that co-operation is wanted on the part of our producers, breeders, packers and processors to further the definite policy by which our handicraft may be overcome.

Exports of Wheat and Flour

Total exports of wheat for the fiscal year ending March were 165,294,000 bushels, or 57,600,000 bushels more than during the preceding period, the value being \$56,000,000 greater. Exports of wheat flour during the same period were 7,255,000 barrels, an increase of 2,550,000 over those for the preceding period, the value being \$10,222,968, or \$2,141,000 greater.

The Japanese begin building their houses at the top. The roof is first built and elevated on a skeleton frame. Then it affords shelter to the workmen from storms.

He (who is going abroad to seek his fortune).—"You'll be true to me, won't you, darling?"
She.—"Yes, George, if—if you're successful."

No Evidence That Grasses Cause Spread Of Rust In Wheat

Scheme to Irrigate Plain of Jordan

Vast Areas of Fertile Soil Can Then Be Cultivated

The Dead Sea soon will come to life and the land which in Joshua's time "moved with milk and honey" is to come into its own again, according to Albert Elrich, outlining a scheme for the irrigation of the plain of Jordan between the Lake of Gennesareth and the Dead Sea to the members of the Victoria Institute in London.

Wild areas, he said, were covered with fertile soil suitable for cultivation, and irrigation was only needed in those districts. The irrigation scheme proposed was to build canals on both sides of the River Jordan and parallel with it. Throughout their length the canals would be furnished with suitable outlets for the distribution of water over the plains sloping toward the River Jordan. As a source of energy, there is planned a hydro-electric plant on the western shore of the Dead Sea, which would receive its energy from the Mediterranean through a tunnel under Jerusalem.

The scheme, added the lecturer, was far from new—it was probably some 2,000 to 3,000 years old—but its realization had neither been demanded nor had it been feasible until just now.

Commemorate Memory of Priests

To commemorate the memory of the priests of the Oblate Order, who gave so extensively of their services to colonize the country, several stations on the extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Ripawa and Le Quinze, Que., will bear the names of members of that missionary organization. In addition to the priests, the names of the first bishop of the area will be perpetuated in a community to be known as Laluplup.

Mexico has certain localities where rain has never been known to fall.

Indian Day At Banff Now An Institution



(1) Village of tepees, at the foot of Cascade Mountain. (2) "Three's a Crowd," in the courtyard of Banff Springs Hotel. (3) The papoose enjoys its first "Indian Day."

should come up from the Morley Reserve.

In due time, after forcing the swollen rivers and surrounding other obstacles, the Indians reached Banff with their ponies, and thus was originated the Banff "Indian Day." Men, women, children and horses, all adorned with paint of brightest hues and the quaint and gorgeous trappings that delight the "red man," paraded the streets to the delight of the stranded voyagers as they have since done annually for the education and entertainment of tourists and others gathered to see the event. The parade over the Indians broke off into groups and cantered back to their temporary homes in the village of tepees erected

on the level valley at the foot of Cascade Mountain, where their forefathers had camped long years before the white man drove his "iron horses" through the mountain passes.

After a many years "Indian Day" has become a regular and much looked for institution, and nothing is left undone which will tend to its success. This year it will be held on July 16th, and arrangements have been made to have it extend over the next day also. The sports consist chiefly of horse and foot racing, bucking, contests, wrestling on horseback and competition in pitching and striking tepees. Native Indian dances are entered into with great spirit, and the event is a gorgeous spectacle.

It is well known that stem rust is the cause of very serious losses of wheat. Since many grasses are susceptible to rust it would be of interest to know just what grasses are attacked and what part they play in the spread of rust, and if they help to carry the rust over the winter. Much study has been given to this phase of the rust question in Western Canada, and the statements following are based on these. They refer only to the form of rust attacking wheat and barley. The stem rust of oats will not spread to wheat, states W. H. Frazer, Plant Pathologist.

The grasses that rust readily are the wild grass (or cut-grass, as it is sometimes called), western ryegrass, which is commonly used for hay in Western Canada, and the wheat grasses, including western couch grass, which has been introduced into Western Canada. The wheat grasses, which have been introduced into the wheat form of stem rust, are other grass that rusts heavily, in May county wild rye or rye grass. Many other grasses are attacked, but either they are not common or not very susceptible. The grasses which rust heavily, like the wheat grasses, are easily avoided by the destruction of the barberries.

Do the grasses aid in carrying the rust over the winter? It has been shown that the summer or red spores of the rust can live over the winter, under the sheaths of the grasses and in sheltered places. They have been found to remain alive well into the spring, but there is no other evidence that the infection of wheat comes from grasses. It seems probable if they were an important source of early infection that rust would appear first on grasses and spread to wheat, especially as the young grasses appear before wheat, but this is not the case, so far as observation has gone. Grasses such as wild barley that were heavily rusted the previous season, have been watched for several years in many places in the spring and early summer, but all the observations showed that rust appeared first on wheat and spread to grasses. When rust first appears, the wheat generally shows a slight amount of rust over large areas, which suggests that infection came from spores carried by the wind from some distance rather than from grasses nearby.

Really, then, there is no certain evidence that grasses carry the rust over the winter, though it is possible they do in a few cases. There is no evidence to support the view that grasses are mainly responsible for the appearance of rust in spring. In Canada, so far as our information goes, some other factor is responsible for the over-wintering and origin of the rust outbreaks each season.

Excavating In Upper Egypt

Famous Airmen Made Track Across Desert to Reach Siwa

Mummies claimed to be between 3,000 and 4,000 years old, much older perhaps than Tutankhamen—have been found in Upper Egypt by Major W. T. Blake, the airman who last year attempted to fly around the world. Major Blake arrived in London recently. "We went 200 miles west of Alexandria," he said, "and then crossed the open desert due south to Siwa, which for a long time was the headquarters of the Semites."

"Rock tombs abound in the neighborhood of Siwa. We opened several and found mummies in every tomb. They were very badly preserved. In many cases only the bones were left. No excavation work has been done in the region owing to the difficulty of reaching Siwa. Hundreds of tombs lie unopened."

"Siwa itself is a collection of mud huts, built on a conical hill. In the midst of a growth of date palms. We had to make our own track across the desert to reach it."

Testing a Memory Theory

A fleeting glimpse of some object associated with olden times, a sudden well known phrase or a peculiar odor can recall scenes of bygone days to the mind of a bustling business man. Wonder if the mind of a busy man in the spring garden is a pleasant one to the man who once played a riddle to the accompaniment of "No, Jimmy, you can't go to play, till those lettuce plants are set out."—From the Atlanta Constitution.

Wood is extremely scarce in East-mo-land; that which drifts in from the sea is eagerly seized.



Blairmore Lodge, No. 66, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m., in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: J. H. Harmer, N.G.; M. B. Huffman, V.G.; Fred Goulding, R.S.; H. C. James, E.S.; J. Montalbetti, Treas.

Crow's Nest Encampment No. 66, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month in the I.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: W. Patterson, C.P.; James Crowder, S.W.; R. Oliver, R.S. and F.S.; Jas. Montalbetti, Treas.

Bellevue Lodge No. 116, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: H. Harrison, N.G.; E. Fisher, V.G.; Jas. Shepels, Sec. F. Padgett, Treas.

Armistice Encampment No. 17, Bellevue, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: A. B. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Berry, H. P. Harry Jenson, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. Fisher, Treas.; Charles W. Ray, Scribe, Box 6

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Blairmore - Alberta

There has been deaths recently in Winnipeg, resulting from the drinking of "canned heat," a concoction of wood alcohol and paraffine wax.

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FOOTBALL SHYS

(By Linesman)

It rained so hard in Blairmore last Saturday that the Tax Haters association had to cancel their open air revival meeting. Billy Riley says there wasn't even a dry place where a fellow could spit.

The boys were awarded a place to strip in which reminded some of them of a deserted durgut. When they reached the field they were confronted by four spectators, two old women, a Chinaman with an apparent eye to business and another old fellow with a wooden leg who carried both life and fire insurance.

Johnny Johnson thinks that someone should match Jack McAndrews in a wrestling bout, as he works a wicked leg hold to perfection. Jack's motto seems to be: "By their shins shall ye throw them."

Bill Slatine thinks that Boothie is a first-class interpreter. Enquire about this one.

A cop stopped the cars at Coleman to search for booze, and someone told him that half the load was Scotch and the other half Lanks. But they looked like mud larks to us.

After pushing the autos through the miles of mud, the gang are of the opinion that they would rather push a baby buggy any day.—Ferne Free Press.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Crockett are home on a visit from Bellevue, Alberta. We trust these worthy citizens may reside here in future.—New Glasgow Free Lance.

OPENING OF NEW MOUNTAIN HIGHWAY

Bank-Windermere Route, Triumph of Engineering, All Present at Ceremony—Adm.—Gay Scene Presented As Lieutenant-Governors of Two Provinces Sever Red, White and Blue Ribbons.

INVERMERE, B.C., July 5, — promptly at 3.30 on Saturday, June 30, at Kootenay Crossing, B. C., the red, white and blue ribbons, which closed off the section of the road which completes the Bank-Windermere highway, were cut simultaneously by their honours—Lieutenant-Governors R. G. Brett, of Alberta, and Nichols, of British Columbia, in the presence of an assemblage of probably eighteen hundred persons, including cabinet ministers, members of parliament, members of legislative assemblies in the provinces, representatives of the state of California and of the U.S., the minister of the interior of the Dominion and other officials, a score or more of press men and many prominent persons, more or less well known to Alberta and British Columbia.

The day had been a perfect one, nothing untoward had happened to mar the organization for the day, and there could have been no better road conditions to give a favorable impression to the many visitors who had come into British Columbia from the United States to attend the opening, and to see what sort of roads were being provided in British Columbia and Alberta for the accommodation of tourists.

There is no doubt but what the road is a triumph of engineering and this opinion was freely expressed by all those who passed over it. The ceremonies opened at Kootenay Landing, sharp at 2.30, the contingents from the north and the south having arrived about the same time, and parking space provided by the officials soon assumed a gay scene as many decorated cars drove up to the positions allotted to them by the Mounted Police. The Elks' band enlivened the proceedings with appropriate music.

The first register was signed by everyone present. Refreshment booths drove a thriving trade, a service station with oil and gasoline was on hand for the convenience of the tourists assembled. Luncheon was served for the invited guests by the parks department, and it was hard to believe that this out-of-the-way spot, far from the railroad, could provide so much of a touch of civilization. Within an hour of the cutting of the ribbons Kootenay Landing was practically deserted. Most of those who had come from the south went north, and those from Banff sped onward to Invermere over the Sinclair range, through the famous canyon down the Columbia Valley into the beautiful lake where the Kootenay Indians, dressed in their glory of color and war paint, greeted the two lieutenant-governors.

When the bugle sounded at 3.30 for the commencement of the ceremonies, the assemblage gathered round the platform and the proceedings were taken charge of by Hon. W. C. King, minister of public works for the Dominion. On the platform with him were the lieutenant-governors of Alberta and British Columbia, their honours R. G. Brett and B. C. Nichols, respectively; Premiers Greenfield and Alberta; D. C. Coleman, vice-president of C. P. R. western lines; Harvey M. Toy, representing Governor Richardson, of California, and himself chairman of the highway commission, of that state; Major Aikens, superintendent of Glacier National Park and representing the U. S.; Randolph Bruce, and Jas. W. Davidson, president of the Alberta Good Roads Association of Calgary.

After luncheon at the Crossing, short and snappy speeches were delivered by Dr. King, minister of public works, John Oliver, premier of B. C.; Roy Eakin, of the U.S. National parks; Herbert Greenfield, premier of Alberta; D. C. Coleman, vice-president of the C.P.R.; Harvey M. Toy,

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

On Friday night last a dance was held in Tustian's hall.

A new baby has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harland Lank.

Several of the local citizens attended the celebration at Pincher Creek on July second.

Miss Evelyn Cliflard, of Huscar, is visiting friends in town for a few days.

Lionel Peel, of the Union Bank staff at Blackie, is home for his holidays.

Messrs. Frost and Johnson, of the Nelson Ranching Company, are here on a business visit.

Miss Bessie Williams, teacher of Olin Creek school, has resigned her position and returned to her home in Calgary.

Miss Anderson and Miss McWilliams, of the Cowley school staff, left Friday night for the former's home at Aldersyde.

Miss G. Taylor, teacher of Tennessee school, has gone to Medicine Hat to spend the holidays with her parents.

Miss Jenny Frey, accompanied by Miss Muriel Murphy, spent the week end at Miss Frey's home near Pincher Creek.

Walter Smith and Rupert Donnelly have gone to Lethbridge, after spending several days here with Mr. and Mrs. Cowan.

Miss L. Biggar, accompanied by the young son of Thomas W. Hanst, of Hamilton, Ontario, has arrived for an extended stay with Mr. and Mrs. John Rhodes.

Mr. Crosby and family, of the Washburn Crosby Co., of Minneapolis, arrived this week for a tour of the Canadian Rockies. He is being guided and outfitted by F. H. Rignall.

Mrs. M. A. Murphy, accompanied by Miss Murphy and the three smaller children, Alvir, Edith and Sylvia, will leave on Friday's noon train for Calgary for a two week's holiday.

On Thursday evening last, the Women's Institute held a very enjoyable meeting at the home of Mrs. P. McEwen. Mrs. Boothillier gave a splendid report of the recent convention held at Edmonton.

A Russian commission has arrived in Poland, charged with the task of purchasing \$10,000 cats with which to fight the rats, which are becoming a scourge in Russia.

state of California; R. G. Brett, lieutenant-governor of Alberta, and W. C. Nichols, lieutenant-governor of B. C. Premier Greenfield in his address touched a popular chord when he remarked that "The further the road progressed into B.C., the more it resembled a corkscrew." Each of the speakers referred in complimentary phrases to Randolph Bruce, "who visioned the road, and J. M. Wardle, the engineer in charge of the work."

Messages of congratulation having been read from the Premier of Canada, Hon. Arthur Meighen and Robert Furke, M.P., the party then proceeded to the point where the road was closed with the flimsy barrier of ribbons. A large knife, suitably engraved and encased in a leather sheath was handed to each lieutenant-governor, and in a moment the ribbons fell apart and the road was formally opened.

As the cheers went up from the crowd the Elks' band played the National Anthem and the ceremony was completed. As the crowd moved off, a car dashed out on to the road. It was the first one on it since its opening and was driven by a man named Rowe from Banff. When the visitors reached Invermere about seven that evening, the lieutenant-governors were met by the Kootenay Indians, and suitably addressed by the chief of the tribe, through an interpreter, and Mr. Nichol expressed his pleasure in meeting them and promised to attend their pow-wow in the evening.

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At 8.30 p.m.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

It is not the intention of the Government to introduce legislation this session to assist the woolen industry in Canada. Hon. W. S. Fielding told the House of Commons.

The schooner Bowdoin, bearing Capt. MacMillan and his party on their way to resume scientific work and explorations in the Arctic sailed from Wiscasset, Maine, on June 23.

With the departure of twelve hundred emigrants from the Clyde, for Canada and the United States, a total of 1,500 left Glasgow for new lands in two days.

A convention extending for five years, the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty of 1908, has been signed at Washington by Secretary Hughes and Sir Auckland Geddes, the British ambassador.

The United States Treasury will collect approximately \$550,000,000 in customs receipts this year, Frederick J. H. Kneels, federal appraiser, reports. This will be the largest sum ever taken in.

As a result of the assassination of Vassily Vorovsky, the Soviet representative at the Lausanne Peace Conference, Russia has decided to boycott Switzerland. All business deals with the Swiss are to be cancelled. A timber tract 4,100 acres in extent, containing 150,000,000 feet of lumber on Sunderland Island, 135 miles north of Vancouver has been sold to Patrick McCoy, of Seattle. The purchase price is said to have been more than a quarter of a million dollars.

Three five dollar postal notes sent as consignment money by an anonymous writer were acknowledged by the Receiver-General at Ottawa. The notes were from St. Catharines, all mailed in Toronto, and were labelled "for customs accounts."

Young Italy is to be educated at German expense as a result of the war. It is officially announced that three freight cars, containing 232 crates of books, are now on route to the Ministry of Instruction as payment on the repayments account.

Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin told a questioner in the House of Commons that the Government would not publish the minutes of the Versailles peace conference, as it regarded them as confidential and could not break its pledge.

William Hargrave, one of Winnipeg's first postmen, is dead, as the result of a stroke, aged 55. Mr. Hargrave came to Winnipeg in 1874, four years after Lord Wolseley's troops had quelled the Riel rebellion and at the dawn of the city's development.

Rapidly Exhausting Timber Supply Under present conditions the timber supply of this country will be exhausted in between 40 and 50 years, according to the chief forester of the Department of Agriculture. Pine timber is being cut eight and one-half times as fast as it is being replaced, while hardwood is being cut three and one-half times as fast.

There are 3,000 commercial orchards in the Okanagan Valley, B.C.

WRIGLEYS

After Every Meal

Have a pocket in your pocket for over-early refreshment.

Aids digestion. Alleviates thirst. Soothes the throat.

For Quality, Flavor and the Sealed Package.

WRIGLEYS' SPEARMINT

THE FLAVOR LASTS

W. N. U. 179

Virgin Islands Have Three-Year Drought

Petition U.S. Government For Money To Build Reservoirs

The Virgin Islands, which the United States bought from Denmark in 1917, have suffered greatly in the last three years from lack of rain. Both the sugar cane and the cattle industry, on which the prosperity of the islands largely depends, have been near complete failure, and the commerce of the islands has been at a low ebb. The islanders are asking Congress to appropriate money for a system of dams and reservoirs to preserve the islands from future misadventure of the kind.

Corns, Warts, Bunions, Painlessly Removed

Don't limp any longer, don't suffer another hour from corns. The oldest remedy and the best for the cure of fifty years has proved a true success. It will lift out your corns in a hurry. The Corns, Warts and Bunions Extract is the one remedy to use. Refuse a substitute, 25¢ everywhere.

Railway Accidents in May

Railway accidents during the month of May as reported to the Dominion Railway Commission, numbered 195 and caused 23 deaths and injuries to 191 persons. Out of 14 railway crossing accidents reported, automobiles were involved in 11, resulting in three persons being killed and two injured.

THIN, IMPURE BLOOD

Means a General Weakness and Loss of Health

If people would realize the importance of the blood, it is rich and pure there would be less sickness. The blood is the means through which the nourishment gained from food reaches the different parts of the body. If the blood is impure, the nourishment that reaches the nerves, and organs of the body is tainted with poison and disease follows. This blood is also the medium by which the body fights off disease. If the blood is thin and watery the power of resistance to disease is weakened. If you are weak and run down, if your nerves are frayed, if you lack ambition, have no appetite, and are short of breath after slight exertion, the trouble is almost always due to poor blood. In cases of this kind you should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to build up the blood. They help to enrich and purify the blood from first to last. After slight exertion you will find new health and strength to work, run down people. Mrs. John Timmons, of Minneapolis, tells of the benefits Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were to her, as follows: "I became very weak and was hardly able to walk and had to be helped upstairs. I had no appetite and slept poorly at night. I finally went to a doctor who told me the trouble was lack of blood and that my condition was serious. He gave me medicine, which I took faithfully, but did not improve. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and did so, and after I had taken two or three boxes felt that they were helping me. I could eat better, and I slept better. I continued using the pills for some time longer and quite recovered my old-time strength and feel that I have to thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I am not an invalid today."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, postpaid, at 50¢ each box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Ancient Ink Preserved
From earliest times writing ink has been made, mainly either with soot or lampblack mixed with gum and water, or with gallic acid, sulphate of iron and gum. Ink of the latter kind was found among the ruins of Pompeii, still liquid after having remained untouched in its container for 1,700 years.

Wise and experienced mothers know when their children are troubled with worms and lose no time in applying Miller's Worm Powders, a most effective vermifuge. It is absolute in clearing the system of worms and restoring these healthy conditions without which there can be no comfort for the child, or hope of robust growth. It is a most trustworthy worm exterminator.

Coming to Canada

Many Ex-Officers of British Army Have Decided to Settle Here

The movement of ex-officers of the British army to Canada continues, according to a dispatch received from London, England. Major Ashton reports that 85, with an average capital of \$1,000, have been accepted by the settlement board, with 40 more in sight. Lt.-Col. Innes, of the Canadian Government, who recently arrived in London from India, states that 40 ex-cavalry army officers are going to Canada. Their average age is 30 and the average capital \$2,000. Half of them are taking their families with them.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Hallway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

Free Medical Advice

"Don't buy thermometers in the summer—they are lower in winter." Journal American Medical Association.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Have you shined your shoes today?

2 IN 1

Shoe Polish

Saves You Money

Red Cross Outpost

Sick Trappers to Have Hospital in Northern Saskatchewan

To provide a haven where sick trappers, half-breeds and other natives of the northern woods of the province may rest and receive medical treatment, and to provide a maternity home for the wives of settlers, residents of Big River, a town at "the end of the steel" north of Prince Albert are busy at work remodeling an abandoned hospital that was once an adjunct to a lumber camp. When alterations are completed the hospital will be opened as a Red Cross outpost.

The opening will probably not take place until fall, as that is the time when the north country begins to show signs of activity. A hospital is needed constantly during the winter, for scarcely a week passes that there is not a case of frostbite or other accidents.

CIRCLE TOURS OF UNRIVALLED SPLENDOR

ENDLESS SCENIC PANORAMA
AWAITING TOURISTS OVER
C.P.R. LINES

Picture the quiet beauty of England's Lakeland, the grandeur of the Adirondacks and the towering splendor of Swiss mountains, and you will be able to form some idea of the endless scenic panorama which awaits the vacationists taking THE CIRCLE TOURS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

These delightful tours may be made through Calgary, entering the Rockies at the Gap, through beautiful Banff, lovely Lake Louise and Glacier, leaving the main line for a cruise down the Arrow Lakes, Kootenay Lake and back via the Crow's Nest Line. The second tour takes in the same resorts, but extends further through Sicamous and down the picturesque Okanagan Lake to Penticton, returning through the Crow's Nest Line. (Both tours apply in the reverse direction if desired.)

These wonderful tours are moderately priced, and offer (as well as a princely feast of scenic beauty of mountain, lake and woodland) unrivalled comfort of travel. From the moment of starting until the hour of returning the vacationist is assured of a holiday long to be remembered, for the comprehensive nature of the holiday entertainment and the de luxe travelling arrangements which enable the fullest possible enjoyment to be had from start to finish.

Excursion fares for these tours are on sale daily to September 30, at all railway stopovers at any of the delightful resorts. The return limit is October 31st.

Was Paid in Counterfeit

The Evening Mail published a story of a young Halifax ship's captain who spent the winter and spring months in the St. Pierre-Americanade, when he came to Halifax to deposit his \$100,000 profits, found the bank would take only \$20,000. The rest was counterfeit.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Veteran Editor Retires

Sir John Merry Lesage, managing editor of the London Daily Telegraph, retired at the end of June. He is now eighty-six years old and until the last few weeks had been in daily attendance at his office. His period of control of the newspaper, however, is almost equalled by C. P. Scott, managing editor of the Manchester Guardian since 1922.

Catch of Sea Fish

The total quantity of sea fish landed on both coasts during the month of April was 167,646 cwts., valued at \$932,216, compared with 251,341 cwts., valued at \$1,121,465 in the same month last year.

MOSQUITOES

Minard's takes the itch and sting out of insect bites.

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

LINIMENT

Alarming Increase in Russia's Unemployed

Position is Steadily Growing Worse in Soviet Domain

Recent statistics regarding unemployment in Russia show that it is increasing at a terrible rate. In January, 1922, there were registered in the capitals of 52 governments, 67,700 persons out of work. At the end of last year the figure had grown to 291,000, and since then the position has been growing steadily worse.

As unemployment grows vagrancy also is on the increase. The committee for combating child vagrancy reports that up to this month 354 girls between 10 and 15 years of age were registered as prostitutes. Of these, 296 were suffering from venereal disease. The total number of homeless children between the ages of eight and 15 years was, on May 1, 10,470.

In certain districts the drop in population is enormous. The population of the five governments of Arkhangel, Bukhara, Kustanai, Orenburg and Ural was, in 1920, 2,269,000. Now it is 1,837,600. In the Ural Government the reduction of livestock is 83 per cent., and production of grain has suffered a similar reduction.

Strengthens the Stomach Improves Digestion

By Clearing the System of Sour, Fermenting Wastes, Dr. Hamilton's Pills Quickly Restore Health

If fermentation of food in the stomach can be prevented, you go a long way towards stopping the most frequent ailment of the day. After once using Dr. Hamilton's Pills the stomach is cleared of the sour, fermenting matter that causes gas, heartburn, indigestion and headaches. You will be pleasantly surprised at the smooth way in which Dr. Hamilton's Pills tone up the liver, kidneys and stomach. To secure the aid your system needs, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25¢ at all dealers.

New Rumania Capital

Hermannstadt is Considered Much Better Location Than Bucharest

Hermannstadt, a city in Transylvania, 16 miles northwest of Bucharest, is being considered as the new capital of Greater Rumania. For a long time many Rumanians have felt that an enormous increase in the territory of the country demanded a capital nearer the western states of Europe than Bucharest. They want to make of Hermannstadt, which in Rumania is called Sibiu, a sort of executive capital.

Hermannstadt was founded in the twelfth century, and has been splendidly developed by the Austrians. It is thoroughly modern and has a series of fine public squares, parks, schools, churches, libraries and theatres. It is much cleaner than any of the cities of Old Rumania, and has a much more beautiful climate.

Priceless Violin Found

Restored to Owner, Though Dead's

Quarrel With Wife
After being lost for two and a half years from the house of Professor Havemann, in Berlin, a priceless Stradivarius violin has been returned to its owner through a mere accident. The thief had given the instrument to a dealer, who concealed it for safety beneath a heap of rubbish in an attic. After a violent quarrel between husband and wife, each denounced the other to the police, and the resulting search of the house brought the valuable find to light.

Child Welfare in Canada

Speaking before the Canadian Club of New York, Dr. James W. Robertson declared that in the past four years Canada had made more real progress than any other nation along the lines of child welfare. Six Canadian universities are giving courses to women to fit them for work in saving the lives of babies, he said.

Transparent Horse

Rudolph (who has never seen a zebra before)—"I say, Claude, look at the transparent horse. You can see the railings through it."—Pearson's Weekly.

Growth of Poland

Reproduction and immigration together with natural growth have added to the population of Poland, in recent years, until today the republic totals over 30,000,000 inhabitants.

Fine feathers do not make fine birds, but they attract attention to some birds that would otherwise go unnoticed.

A raw potato cut in half and rubbed over the surface of the fingers discolored by vegetable stains will remove all discolorations.

A popular novelist is never a genius to his stenographer.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

BIG BEN

CHEWING TOBACCO

15¢ PER PLUG

"Chew a Chewer's Chew"

Trial Flight of Pilotless Plane

Machine Perfected By French Army Air Service a Success

The French Army Air Service has succeeded in perfecting a pilotless aeroplane. The machine, which is a larger bomber with a three-hundred horsepower engine, has an aerial through which it receives by radio electric currents that actuate a series of levers controlling the plane. On a trial flight under radio control the plane flew half an hour at a height of fifteen hundred feet and then made a smooth landing.

Photograph records of the voices of leading men are being made on copper discs, said to last 10,000 years, and stored in the Prussian State library.

Intense Light Hard On Artists' Eyes

Movie Producer Offers Prize For Preventive to Abolish Trouble

A reward of \$11,000 has been offered by a big "movie" producer for a preventive to abolish eye trouble amongst artists in the cinema industry. The process of constructing a picture involves the submission of the action to the rays of intense white lights, carrying with them a billion candlepower. Film producers have sometimes seen the actors cower groping out of the brilliant glare and lift staring eyes unawares and even unknowingly to the sun.

One great source of trouble is that people can talk faster than they can think.

OPPORTUNITIES IN THE VETERINARY PROFESSION

If you desire to enter into a profession you should consider what the new field of Veterinary Science has to offer. Graduates have splendid opportunities for a successful career. You should inquire.

Session Begins October 1st, 1923

Write for Bulletin and Calendar to C. D. McGilvray, M.D.V., Principal

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Affiliated with University of Toronto GUELPH, ONT. Under the Ontario Dept. of Agriculture

**Mix Mustard
this way**

Mix Keen's Mustard with water to the consistency of a thick paste. Add water until the desired thickness is obtained. If a milder flavor is desired mix with milk. Mix mustard freshly for every meal.

but it must be Keen's

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

BAYER

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada, of Bayer Manufacturers of Monoaceticanilide at Elberfeld, Prussia. It is well known that Aspirin must have Bayer's mark on the box and the public should insist on this. The Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

STANDING OF CROWS' NEST
BASEBALL LEAGUE TEAMS

July 6—Michel at Blairmore.
July 8—Blairmore at Michel.
July 9—Michel at Coleman.
July 11—Bellevue at Blairmore.
July 13—Michel at Bellevue.

Harry Groat, a Bellevue youth, was sentenced to six months in jail last week end for having entered a store and robbing a slot machine of \$108, as well as other articles, such as smokes, etc.

As a protest against the inability of the government to enforce prohibition, Manitoba citizens adopted the Moderation League's bill for government control of liquor by a majority of nearly forty thousand.

Hon. Charles Stewart, minister of the interior, and Mrs. Stewart, announce the engagement of the daughter, Jennie Millicent, to Lt. Frederick H. Whitman, of Edmonton, the marriage to take place in the near future at Killam, Alberta.

The intention of the Canadian National Railways to build a line into the Peace River, from the main line west of Edmonton, was announced by Sir Henry Thornton, president of the national railways. The line will probably be commenced next year.

A little girl at the local school had been asked as to whether they had ever had disease in her house. She replied: "Yes, daddy and mammy had mumps once, sister Louise had diphtheria and brother Tom is now a golf patient."

D. H. Braasfield, former lieutenant, and Mark Willower, former patrolman in the San Francisco police department, have been sentenced to eighteen months and fined \$1000 each for conspiracy to violate the Volstead Act. Another patrolman was given a year and a day and fined \$900.

At the regular meeting of the school trustees on Friday evening last, a number of applications were considered for the positions offering on the teaching staff for the fall term. We understand that Miss Fern Palmer has been engaged to succeed Miss E. M. Lawson, resigned.

Guy Shields, writing in an American exchange says: "Before prohibition crime was hardly worth the candle—the profit was small, the risk great. Since prohibition the risk is small and the profit great. Consequently we have multiplied crime an hundred fold."

Persons with extensive criminal records in other countries or states may come to Alberta and secure employment under the Liquor Act as spotters or "stool pigeons." In most cases their evidence is preferred rather than that of a respectable domiciled citizen, and our respectable citizens are occasionally caused to experience some of the treatment which rightly belongs to the stool-pigeon himself.

The Moncton Times of June 25th states that the eastbound Ocean Limited from north was four hours late in reaching the city, having been delayed by the swarming of the track by caterpillars. All the way from Bathurst to Newcastle the pests gave the train a lot of trouble. Passengers and train crew were obliged to sweep the rails and as fast would they again cover them. Not only did they cover the tracks, but they were just as thick on telegraph poles, fences and trees and the odor from them was nauseating.

FOR SALE—Remington Typewriter, rebuilt, in use ten months. \$50.00 cash. Apply J. R. Gresham, Box 43, Blairmore.

FOR SALE—Four Fresh Milk Cows, with calves. Apply to the Home Bakery, Blairmore.

ST. LUKE'S ANGLICAN CHURCH

Sunday, July 8. Morning Service at 11. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.

The Blairmore town council will meet in regular session on Monday night next.

When a woman loses her head, she nearly always finds it on somebody's shoulder.

The Mormon Temple at Cardston is to be dedicated some time in August.

Hours before the big fight at Shelby, Mr. Town Clerk, at Lethbridge, had his face battered beyond description.

The marriage of Miss Cecil Joyce to Mr. Carl Carlson was solemnized at Coleman on Thursday evening last. The young couple have taken up residence in Blairmore.

The government has continued the suspension of the Crows' Nest Pass agreement, which expires on July 6th, for another year. An order-in-council, providing for a year's continuation of the suspension has just been passed.

Mrs. H. H. Goodwin, of Calgary, Alberta, left last week for her home, after spending a very pleasant vacation with friends and relatives in these parts.—New Glasgow Free Lance.

Miss Garval has received word that two of her music pupils, the Misses Scott, daughters of Sub-Inspector Scott, of Lethbridge, formerly of Blairmore, had passed examination with high honors.

Roy McDermott and Arthur Johnson, who effected the theft of drugs and other goods from a Pincher Creek drug store, were each fined \$200 and costs.

Dr. Rivers, ex-warden of the Lethbridge jail, is now engaged on the Chautauqua circuit. His subject is "The Modern Treatment of Delinquents," in which he is particularly well versed.

Paul Welch, on the Edmonton dirt track, drove a car eleven hundred and thirty-one miles in twenty-four hours without leaving the wheel. He ate all meals while driving and was shaved while going at full speed with a straight razor.

Blairmore was completely out of luck against Coleman in baseball on the latter's grounds on Friday evening last. Early in the game their pitcher, Hillings, was knocked out, putting him out for the rest of the game. A collapse followed and Coleman had an easy win.

The semi-final for the Connaught Cup was played at Coleman on Saturday evening last, the competing teams being Hillhurst and Coleman. A particularly fine brand of football was played and the game resulted in a win for Coleman by two to one. The game was refereed by Jimmy Kennedy, of Lethbridge.

In justice to Mr. Rod McDonald, international board member, we wish to correct an error occurring in reference to him in our last issue, which stated that he had been attending a convention at Pittsburgh. Mr. McDonald was delegated to attend a convention at Indianapolis of supporters of the old administration, and not at all connected with the dual organization of Red Internationals.

Years ago, says the Scientific American, an Illinois barber traded his razor for a pick and shovel and went to the Klondike. Having failed to find gold there, he started a barber shop, the equipment of which included a cyanide tank. Clippings from the hair and beards of the miners were thrown into the tank for what they were worth. The barber asserts that he brought back half a million dollars worth of gold with him.

Local and General Items

For funeral flowers phone 214. Crows' Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

Mrs. J. M. Carter returned Tuesday night from a visit to B. C. points.

Two to four robbers can be comfortably accommodated. Apply to Mrs. Tiberg, East Blairmore.

It is hardly fair to judge any woman's complexion by the package it comes in.

Alfred Scarpino, aged 17, a member of the Boy Scouts, was drowned while bathing in Island Lake, near Fernie, on Sunday afternoon.

Rev. A. A. Lytle, who for the past three years has been in charge of the Methodist mission work at Clareholm, has been transferred to Stettler.

A freak of nature, consisting of four blossoms on one clear stalk of a dandelion was picked recently at Truro, Nova Scotia.

W. Simpson was up from Chinook Collieries over the holiday, renewing acquaintances at Frank and Blairmore.

Mayor Purcell and bride, of Brooks, passed west through The Pass the early part of last week on their motor honeymoon trip, and spent a few hours in Blairmore.

On Wednesday evening last about twenty-five members of Crowview Rebekah Lodge journeyed to Coleman where they witnessed the Rebekah degree conferred by Victoria Rebekah Lodge No. 7.

The only casualties resulting from the July 2nd festivities were two parties jailed and an auto stolen. The jailbirds were both outsiders, one being drunk and the other carrying a bottle of gin.

A party of tourists, comprising several cars, arrived here from the east on Sunday evening, bound to the States coast. They camped over night, then decided to remain over Monday to take in the sights and scenery of this section with which they expressed themselves keenly delighted.

A number of local Rebekahs went to Bellevue last night, where they witnessed the degree conferred by Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge. Provincial president, Sister Smith, of Drumheller, was officially present. Following the meeting refreshments were served.

At Nanton the Methodist and Presbyterian congregations are uniting for services during July, all services being held in the Methodist church, conducted by the Presbyterian minister. During August all services will be conducted by the Methodist minister in the Presbyterian church.

We learn that a substantial reward is offered for information that will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the elderly man who on Friday or Saturday last deliberately lifted a pipe belonging to a very much poorer man, while said owner was absent from the scene of his labors, not a mile distant from either the Alberta hotel or the C.P.R. depot.

The French steamer Pro Patria has been seized by revenue authorities at North Sydney, following the capture of several kegs of liquor that had been, lowered from the ship into a dory, and later thrown overboard on discovery that a customs revenue launch was in chase. The Pro Patria has featured in several cases of a like nature and a special warning was issued to her some time ago in connection with the handling of liquor. A fine of one thousand dollars was imposed for violating the Customs Act.

Dr. R. K. Lillis represented Blairmore at Shelby, Montana, yesterday.

A carload of Alberta coal is being tested at Stratford, Ontario.

J. P. O'Neill returned Monday morning from a visit to his home in Ontario.

Mr. Porter and family will occupy the teachers residence during the months of July and August.

Don't blame the graduate for the noisiness in his address. Very likely some smart relative wrote it for him.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Moore, of Lethbridge, were the guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. E. Kidd, here for a few days. They returned east yesterday.

Rev. William Ryan, aged over ninety, occupied the pulpit of the Charlottetown Methodist church on Sunday, June 24th.

Mr. W. Lee, who had been relieving Mr. O'Neill as district manager for the P. Burns & Co., left for the west on Saturday.

Alberta is now said to be ready to form a wheat pool. If it's as successful as the booze pool has been for the past few "prohibition" years, the success is assured.

A gift of \$150,000, to be distributed among fifteen hospitals in Canada and the United States to promote the use of insulin in the treatment of diabetes, has been made by John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

John T. Sterling, W. F. McNeill and Duncan McDonald, of the provincial department of mines and mine rescue, were in town on Monday and Tuesday in connection with the competitions.

A cloudburst resulted in several washouts along the main line on Monday night, and on Tuesday all main line passenger trains were routed through the Crows' Nest Pass.

Miss Helen Garval, who for the past year or more has been instructor in piano for the Lethbridge Conservatory of Music, is resigning that position home in Medicine Hat via Calgary.

Captain Donald M. McMillan sailed from Sydney on Tuesday on his cruise into the Arctic. His ship, the Bowdoin, is loaded to the hatches with everything necessary to a prolonged stay in the frozen north.

J. E. Davidson & Co., conducting a general store at Truro, N.S., have decided voluntarily to go out of business. Mr. Davidson at one time conducted a general store at Cowley, Alberta; in the premises now occupied by G. Cruickshanks.

The local teachers left last week for various parts to spend their vacation. Misses Fulton and Rae have gone to Edmonton, Miss Keith and Miss Douglas to Calgary, and Misses Lawson and Davis to Vancouver.

J. Fred Spalding, B. C. publicity commissioner, passed through Blairmore yesterday on his way home to Fernie after having attended the official opening of and cruised over the new Banff-Wilderness road from Fernie to Banff and back thru Alberta. Mr. Spalding says the road from High River to Blairmore is the worst he has ever travelled over and suggests that an effort be made to give some of the government heads of this province a "joy-ride" in a 1911 Ford flyover over that section of the inter-provincial highway between Lundbreck and Crows' Nest at a rate not to exceed one hundred miles per hour, as a silent reminder that people in this section are really tolerant.

Hot Weather Drinks

COOLING AND REFRESHING—
Montserat Lime Juice, per bottle 60c
Welsh Grape Juice, per bottle 45c
Raspberry Vinegar, per bottle 40c
Lemonade Powder, Khovah or Nabob, per tin 30c

RED FEATHER JELLY POWDERS—
Combined with Fresh Fruit makes an excellent dessert for warm days. Red Feather Jelly Powder, assorted flavors, 3 for 35c
Also Jello and Nu-Jell in all flavors.

Monk & Glass, Bird's, Garton's and Kovah Custard Powders.

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES—
Oranges, per dozen 75c; 60c; 50c; 40c; and 3 for \$1. Bananas, Cherries, Plums, Peaches, Apricots, New Spuds, Carrots, Beets, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Green Onions, Radishes, Etc., Etc.

Store Closed all day Monday, July 2nd and Tuesday Afternoon. Open all day Wednesday, July 4th.

Scott's

Phone 222

Blairmore

SMART APPAREL



If smart apparel appeals to you, if undoubted style and distinctive tailoring are an attraction, come in and be measured for one of our in latest style creations in clothing for men of taste. You cannot help being satisfied with our tailoring. You can have no reason to be dissatisfied with our prices.

J. E. UPTON.

Tailor to The People of The Crows' Nest Pass

Phone 85

Blairmore

HOT WEATHER GROCERIES

Wallace's Fresh Herring, tin 20c Hull Pink Salmon, tin 25c, 2 for 50c.
Libby's Veal Loaf, tin 35c. Clark's Corned Beef, tin 35c.
Clark's Lunch Tongue, tin 25c. Kraft Cheese, tin 25c.
Choice Salmon, tin 25c. Cross Fish Sardines, tin 25c.
Clark's Pork and Beans, large tin 20c, 2 for 35c; small tins each 15c.
Van Camp's Pork and Beans, tin 20c, 2 for 35c
Heinz's Baked Beans, per tin 25c, 2 for 45c
Libby's Pork and Beans, tin 20c, 2 for 35c, 7 tins for \$1.00
Darling Brand Oysters, per tin 25c
A new Brand of Jam in jars just received the other day at the following low prices:
Meadow Brook Strawberry Jam, per jar 35c
Meadow Brook Blackberry Jam, per jar 35c
Meadow Brook Apricot Jam, per jar 35c
Meadow Brook Loganberry Jam, per jar 35c
Meadow Brook Red Plum Jam, per jar 35c

MINERS' GROCERY

T. PONDELICEK & SON, PROPS.

P.O. Box 188

BLAIRMORE

Phone 79

Opening Announcement

WE WISH TO ANNOUNCE THAT OUR NEW STORE WILL BE OPENED FOR BUSINESS ON

Saturday, July 14th

AND FEEL SAFE IN SAYING THAT OUR NEW HOME WILL BE BY FAR THE MOST ATTRACTIVE JEWELRY PREMISES IN THE CROWS' NEST PASS. IN A FEW DAYS WE WILL HAVE ON DISPLAY THE LARGEST AND FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

Jewelry of Every Description

EVER SEEN IN THE DISTRICT

Special Prices for Opening Day

SPECIAL—HEIRLOOM SILVER PLATE SET FREE

Will be given away absolutely

SECURE A COUPON WITH EVERY PURCHASE

ASK FOR A CARNATION

PAY US A VISIT AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH OUR SPECIAL INTRODUCTION SALE PRICES. WATCH FOR OUR BARGAIN WINDOWS.

S. TRONO

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER — BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA